

MULTI-MODULAR MODEL FOR SIMULATING RELATIVISTIC HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

ICCUB WINTER MEETING 2024

FEBRUARY 6-7, 2024, AULA MAGNA ENRIC CASASSAS

Astrophysics
Cosmology
Nuclear Physics
Particle Physics
Technology

Ángel Reina Ramírez



UNIVERSITAT DE
BARCELONA

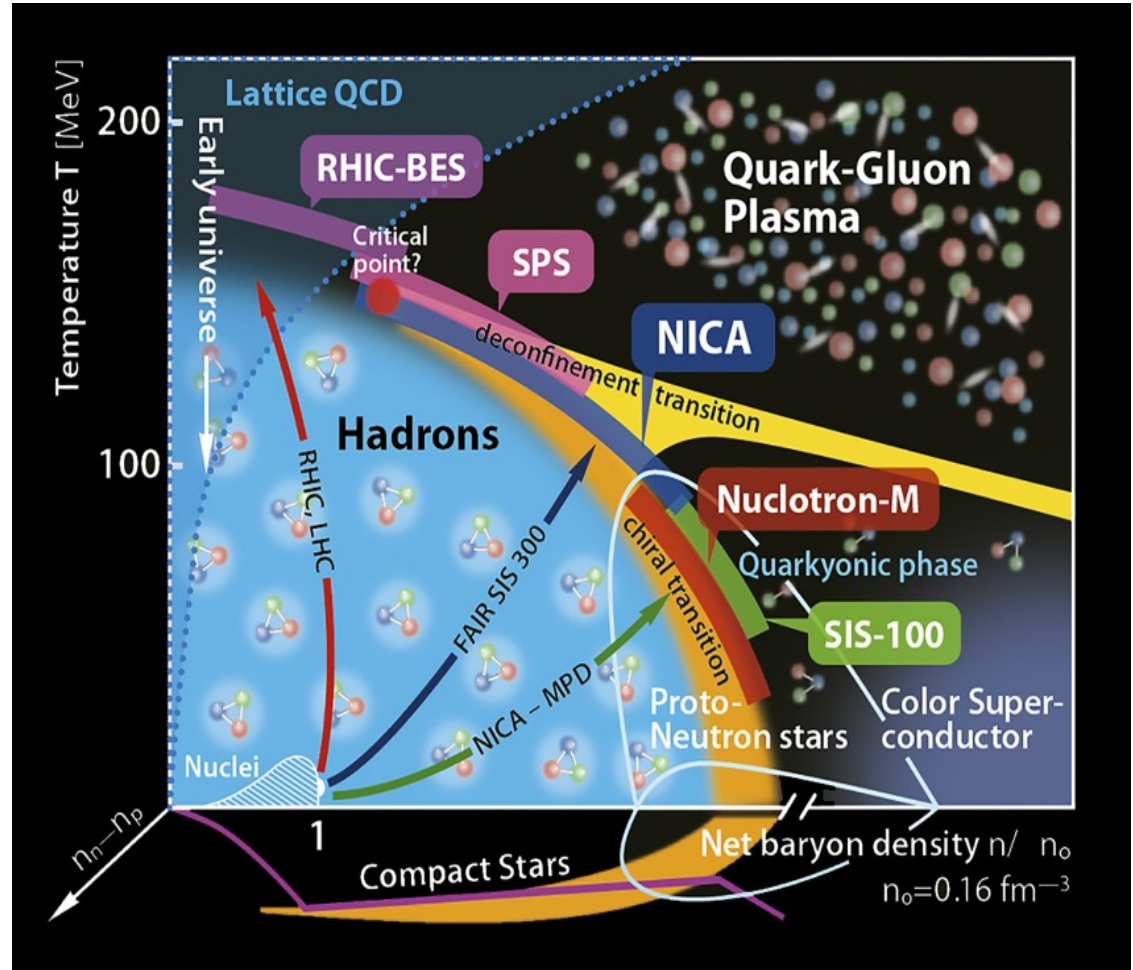
PhD supervisor: Volodymyr K. Magas

 **ICCUB**
Institut de Ciències del Cosmos

OUTLINE

- MOTIVATIONS
- DIFFERENT STAGES OF A RELATIVISTIC HEAVY ION COLLISION
- PARTICLIZATION PROCESS
- FREEZE-OUT HYPERSURFACE

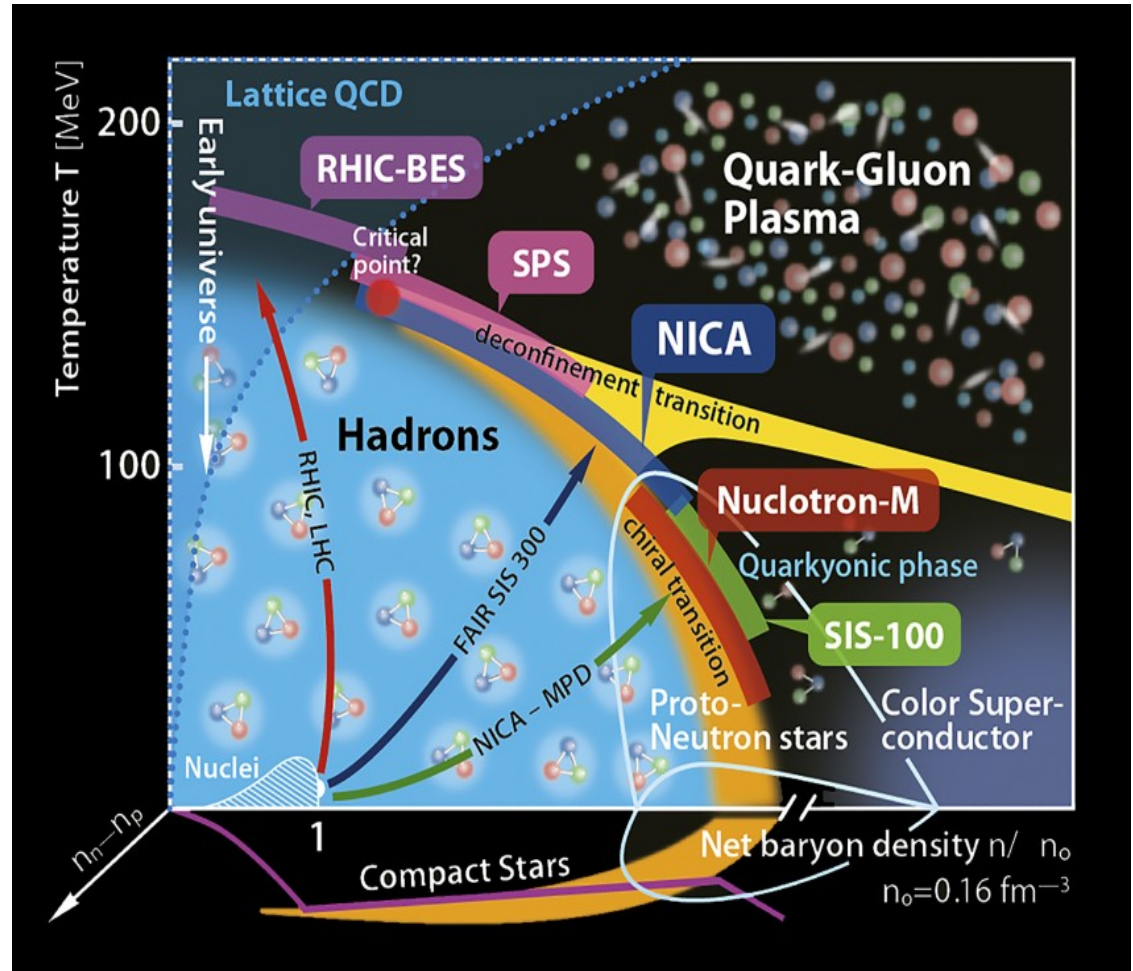
MOTIVATIONS



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- STUDY THE PROPERTIES OF THE STRONGLY INTERACTING MATTER AT EXTREME TEMPERATURES AND DENSITIES

RHIC (BNL) AND LHC (CERN) FACILITIES



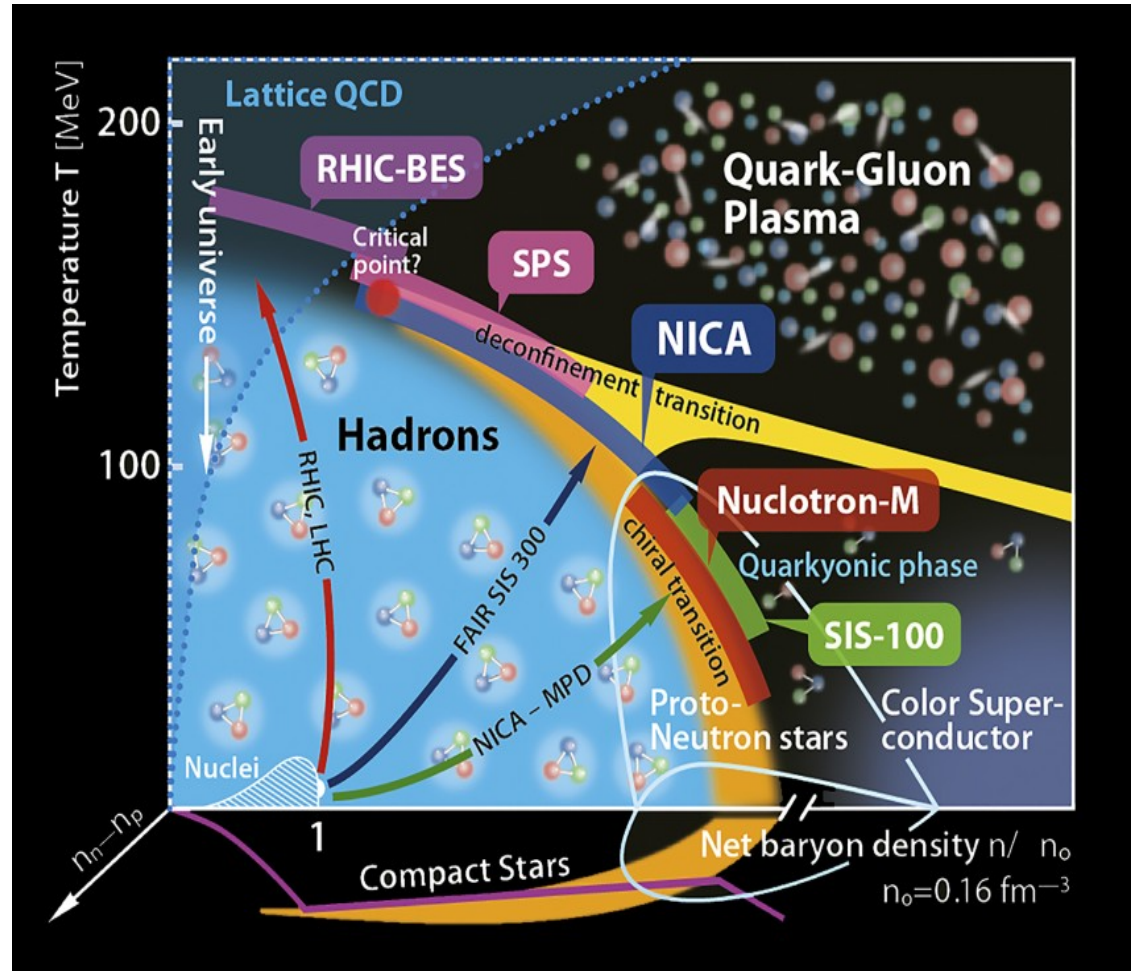
MOTIVATIONS

- STUDY THE PROPERTIES OF THE STRONGLY INTERACTING MATTER AT EXTREME TEMPERATURES AND DENSITIES

RHIC (BNL) AND LHC (CERN) FACILITIES

- EXPLORE THE PHASE DIAGRAM OF QCD AND FIND SIGNS OF THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF A POSSIBLE CRITICAL END POINT:

NA49 AND NA61-SHINE EXPERIMENTS AT CERN-SPS, STAR AND PHENIX EXPERIMENTS AT RHIC, FAIR AND NICA



RHICs SEEN AS A MULTISTAGE DYNAMICS SYSTEM

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- INITIAL STAGE OR PRE-EQUILIBRIUM STAGE (MODULE I)

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 - 2) GLISSANDO (Comput.Phys.Commun.180 (2009) 69)
 - 3) ESRM (Nucl. Phys. A 712 (2002) 167) V. Magas
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 - 1) IDEAL HYDRODYNAMICS (PIC algorithm) **Volodymyr K. Magas; Laszlo P. Csernai; Daniel Strottman**
 - 2) VISCOUS HYDRODYNAMICS: vHLLE (Comput. Phys. Commun. 185 (2014) 3016)
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- FINAL STAGE AND OBSERVABLES (MODULE III)

Freeze OUT or Particlezation+Hadron cascade

- 1) UrQMD (Prog.Part.Nucl.Phys.41:255-369,1998; arXiv:nucl-th/9803035v2)

- 2) SMASH (Phys. Rev. C 94, 054905 (2016))

Larissa Bravina; Evgeny Zabrodin; Iurii
Karpenko

INITIAL STAGE

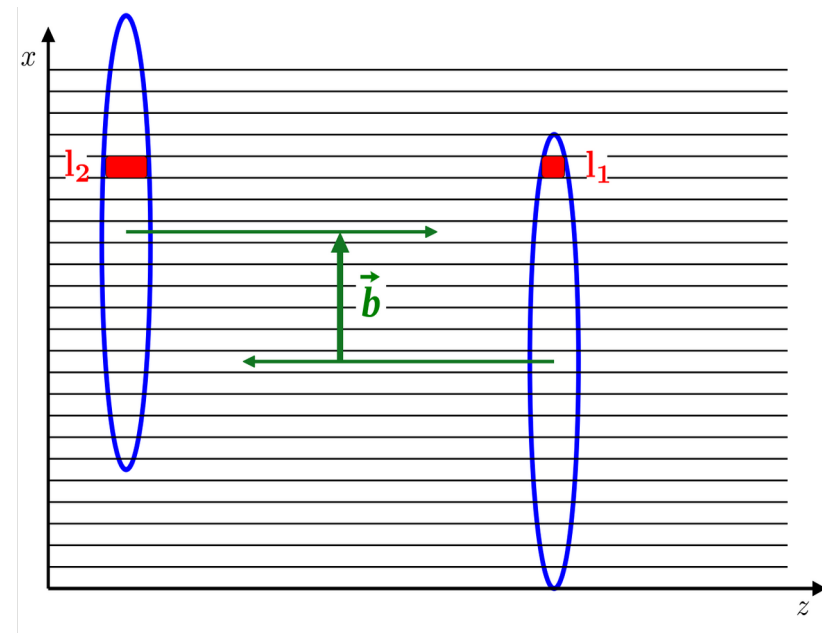
GENERALIZED EFFECTIVE STRING ROPE MODEL
(Phys. Rev. C 107, 034915)

(EFFECTIVE STRING ROPE MODEL (Nucl. Phys. A 712
(2002) 167-204)

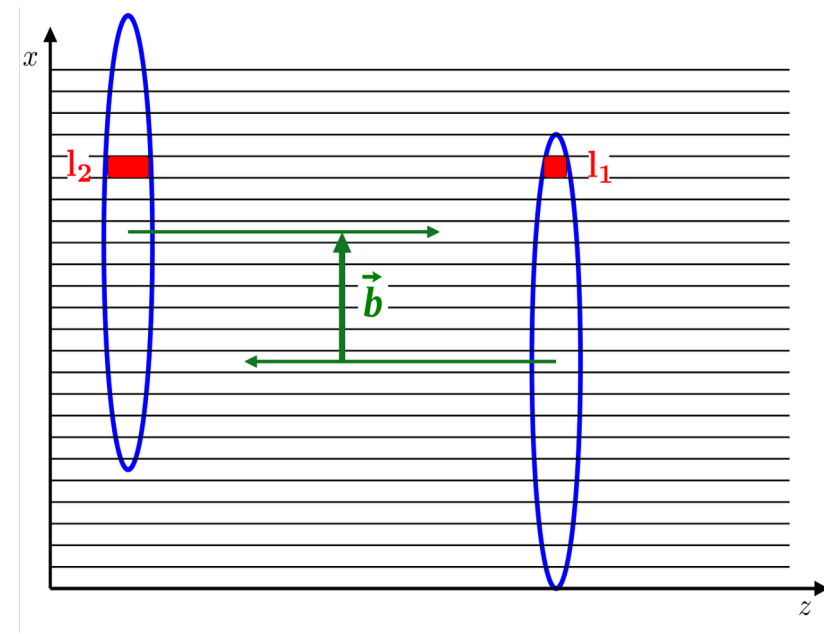
+

GLAUBER MONTE CARLO APPROACH (Annual
Review of Nuclear and Particle Science Vol. 71:315-344)³

ESRM REVIEW (Nucl. Phys. A 712 (2002) 167-204)

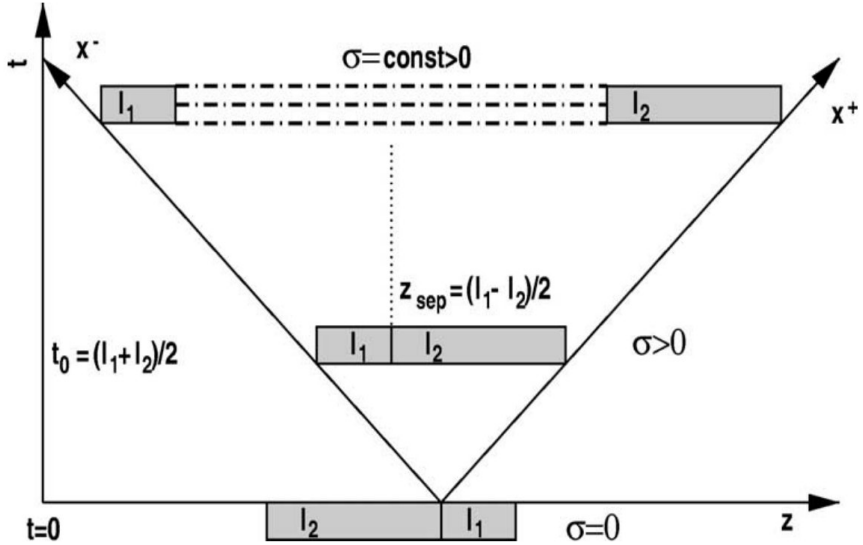
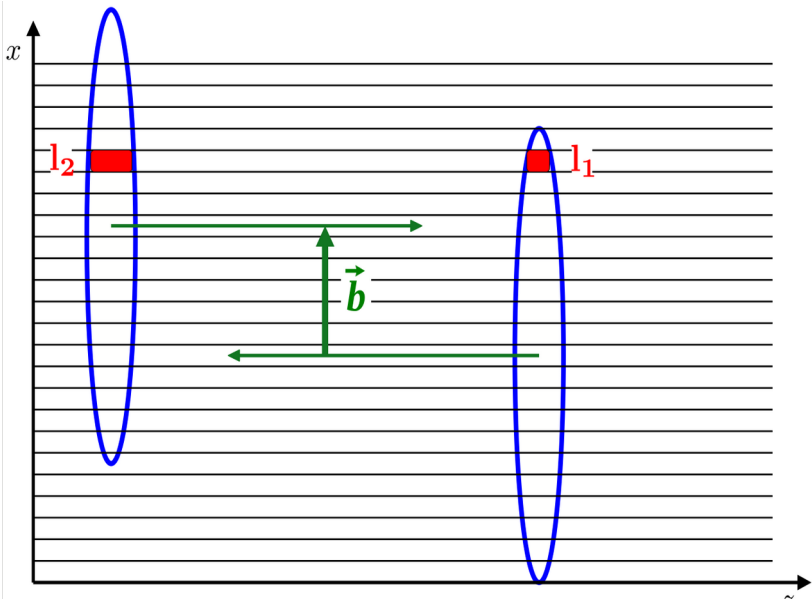


1) STREAK+STREAK COLLISIONS



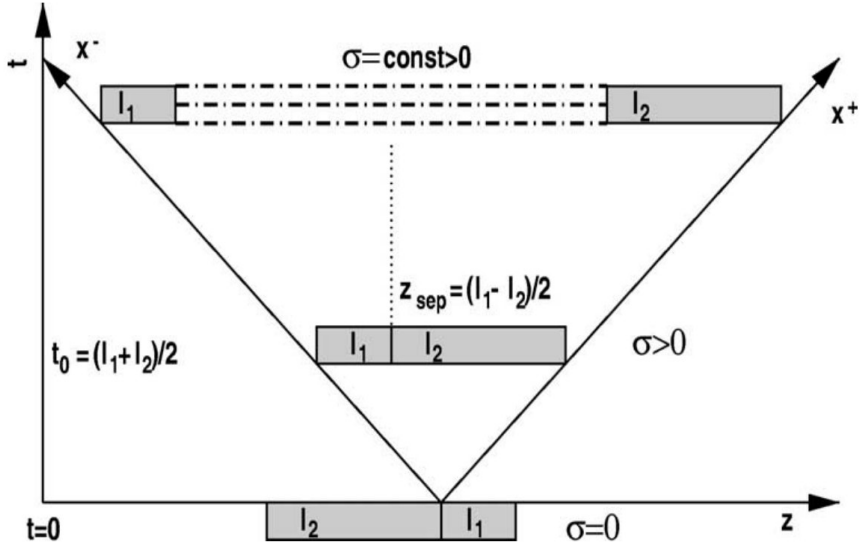
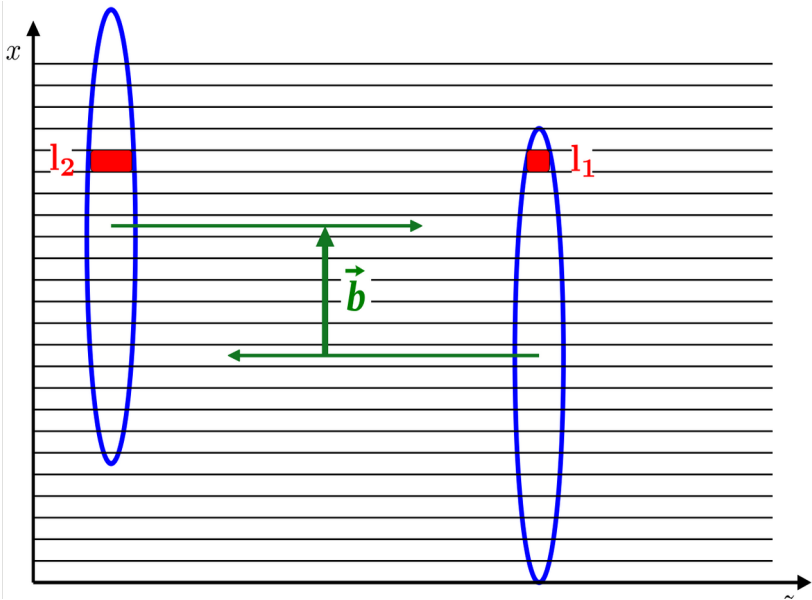
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- 1) STREAK+STREAK COLLISIONS
- 2) COMPLETE TRANSPARENCY



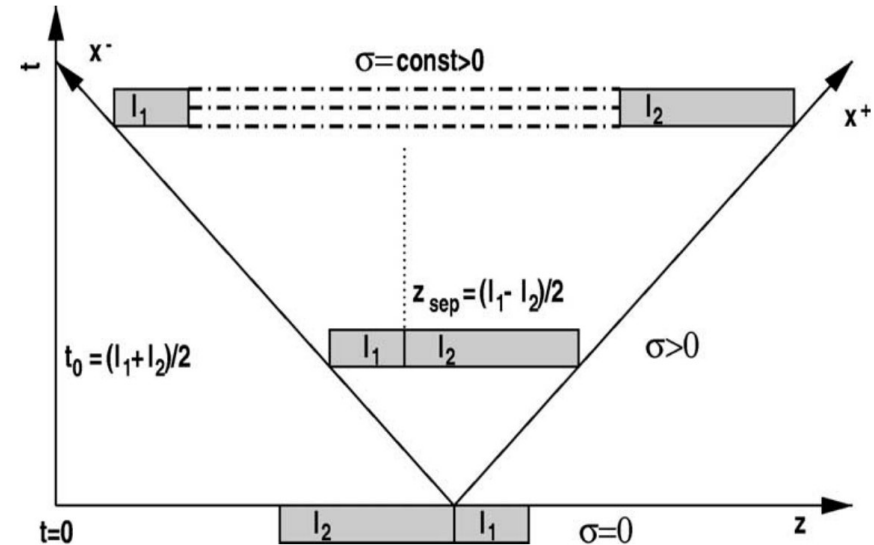
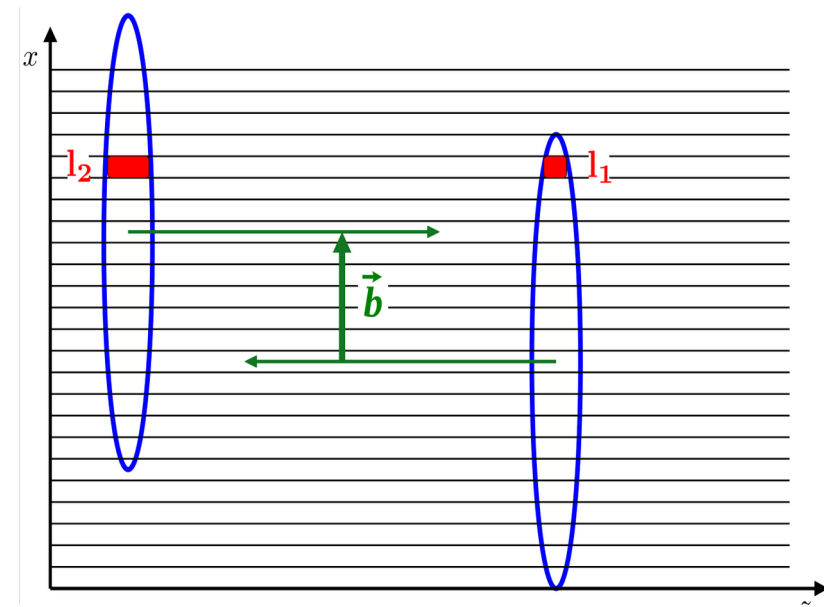
ESRM REVIEW (Nucl. Phys. A 712 (2002) 167-204)

- 1) STREAK+STREAK COLLISIONS
- 2) COMPLETE TRANSPARENCY
- 3) ONE DIMENSIONAL, UNIFORM CHROMO-ELECTRIC FIELD OF CONSTANT CROSS SECTION



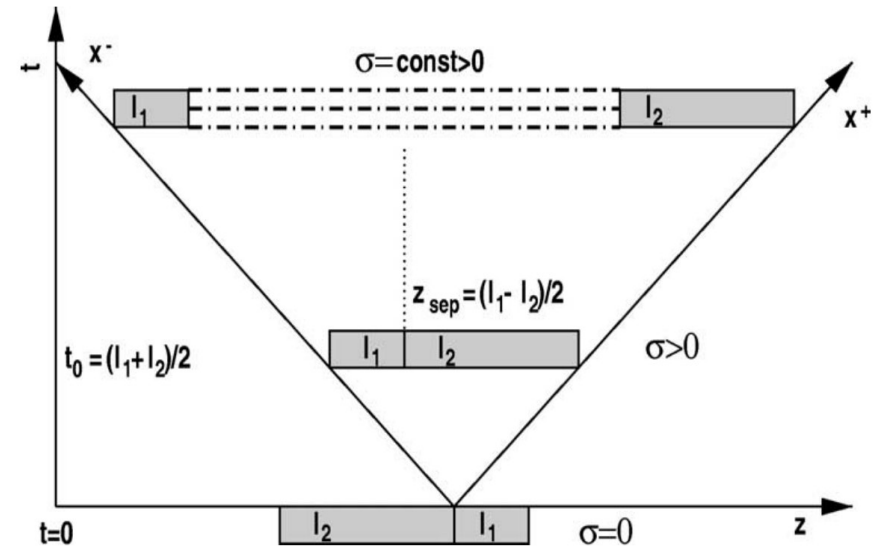
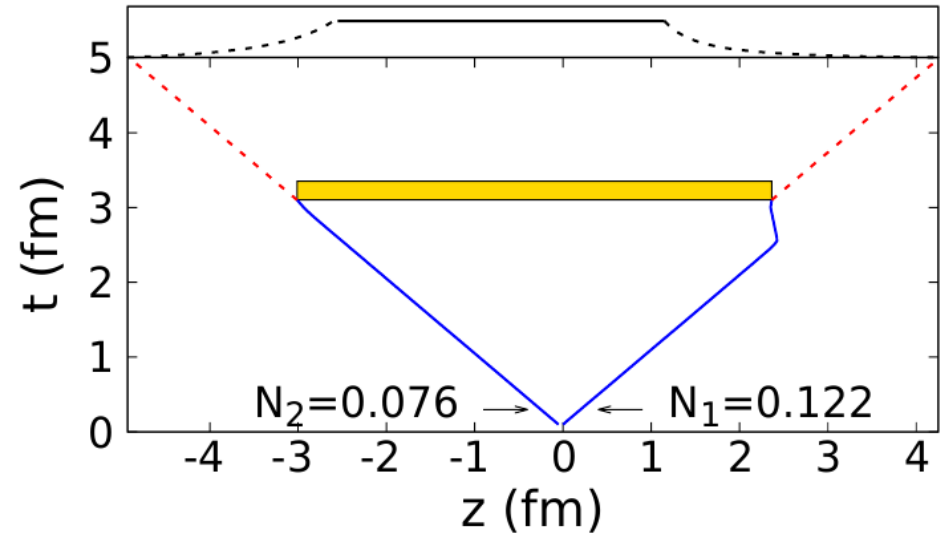
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- 4) BARYON RECOIL ARISES FROM THE ACCELERATION OF PARTONS IN AN EFFECTIVE FIELD



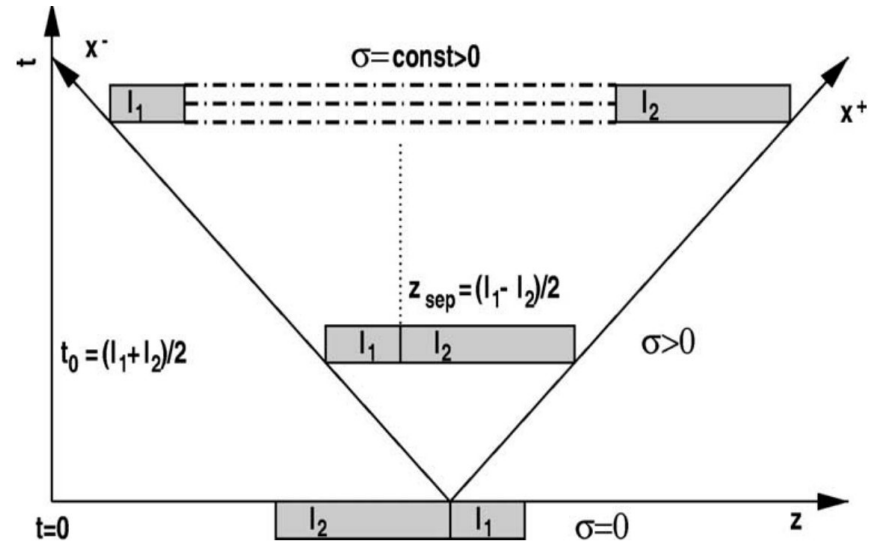
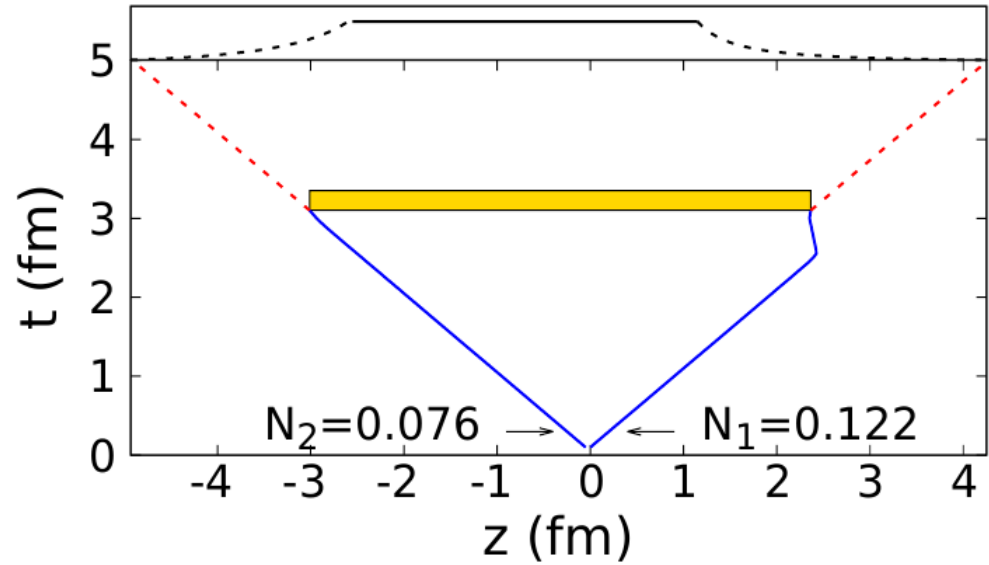
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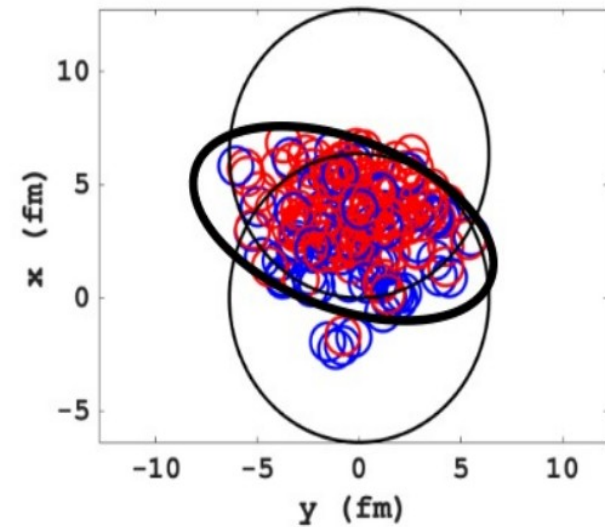
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- 6) EXPANSION OF FINAL STREAK



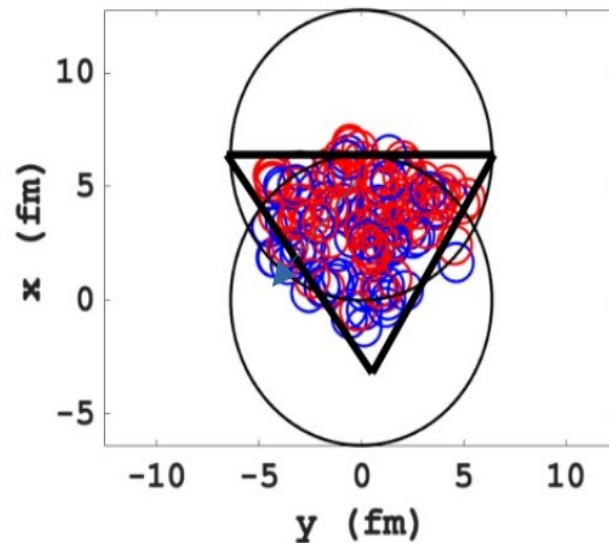
GENERATING GEOMETRICAL FLUCTUATIONS

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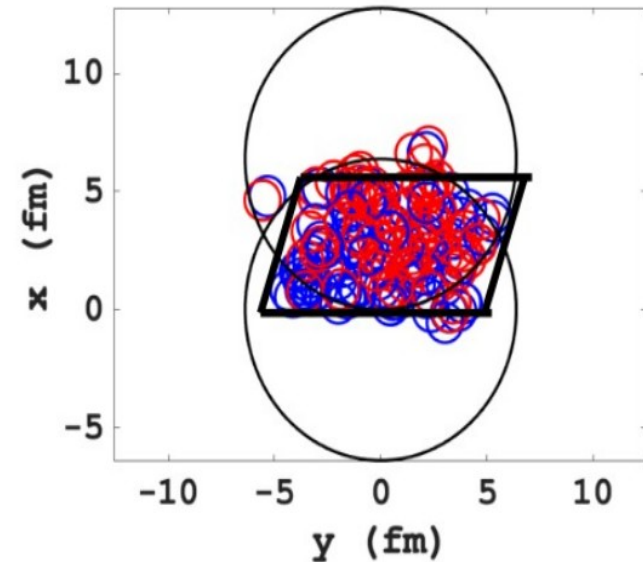
$$\rho_{WS}(x, y, z) = \frac{\rho_0}{1 + e^{\frac{\sqrt{(x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 + (z-z_0)^2} - r}{a}}}$$



Elliptic geometry

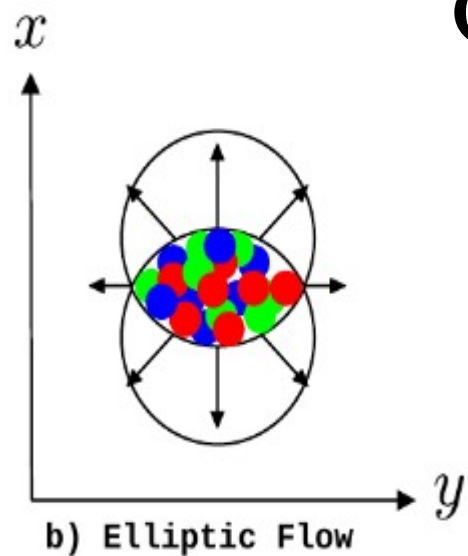


Triangular geometry

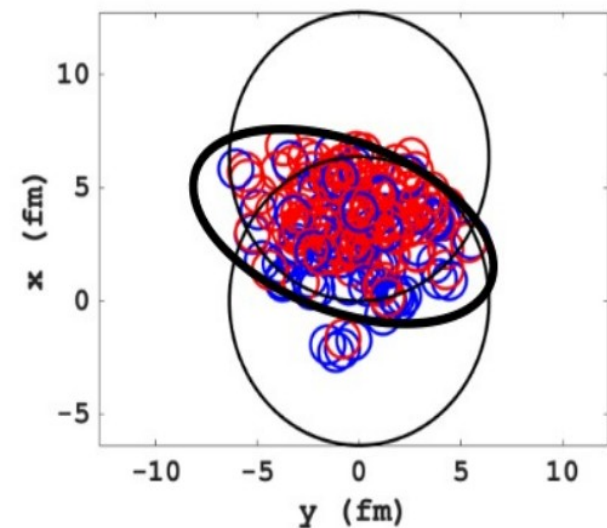


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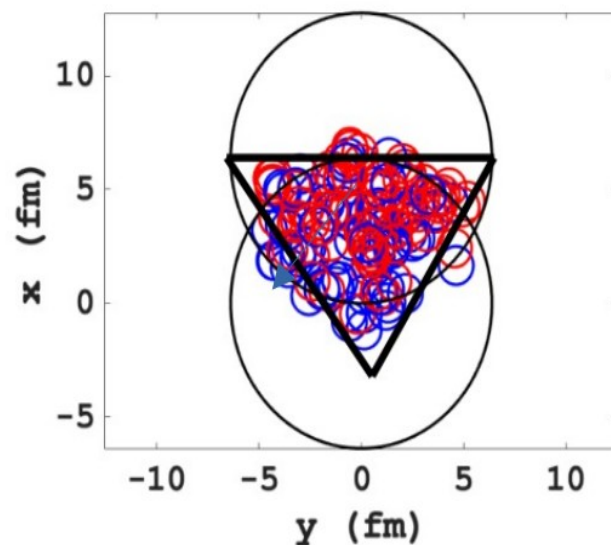
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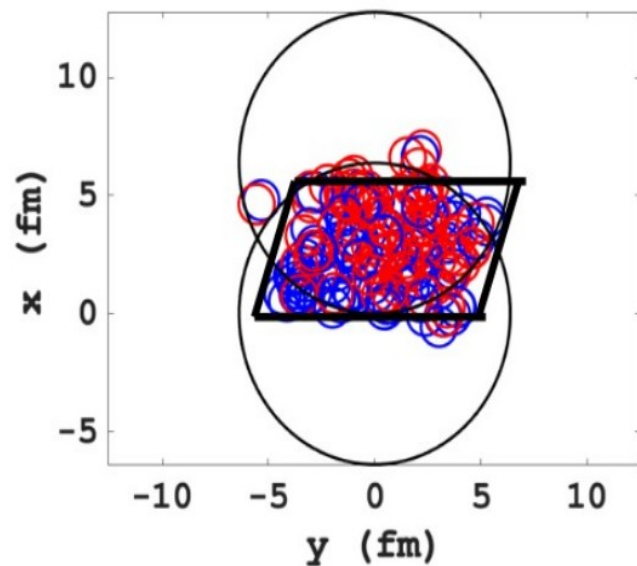
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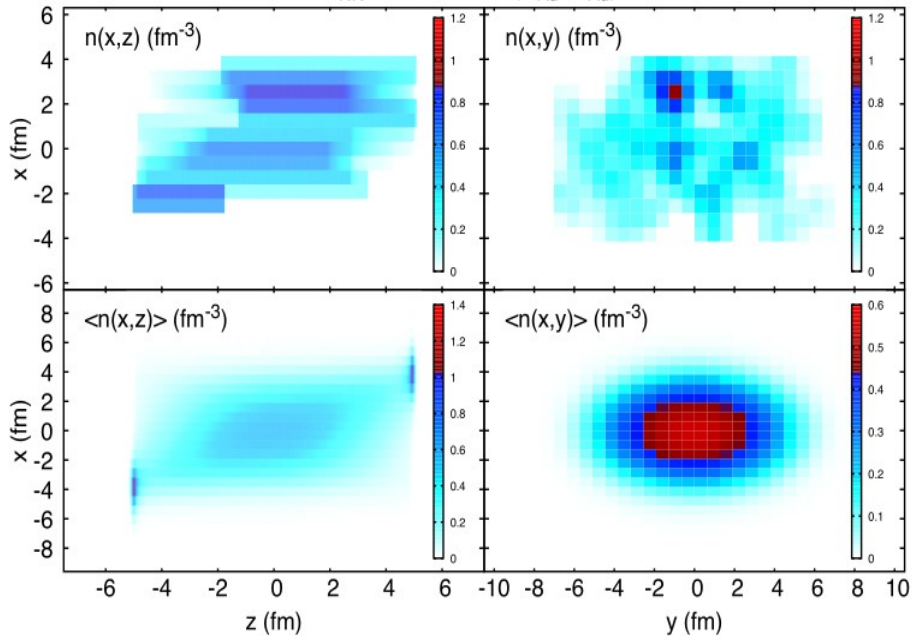


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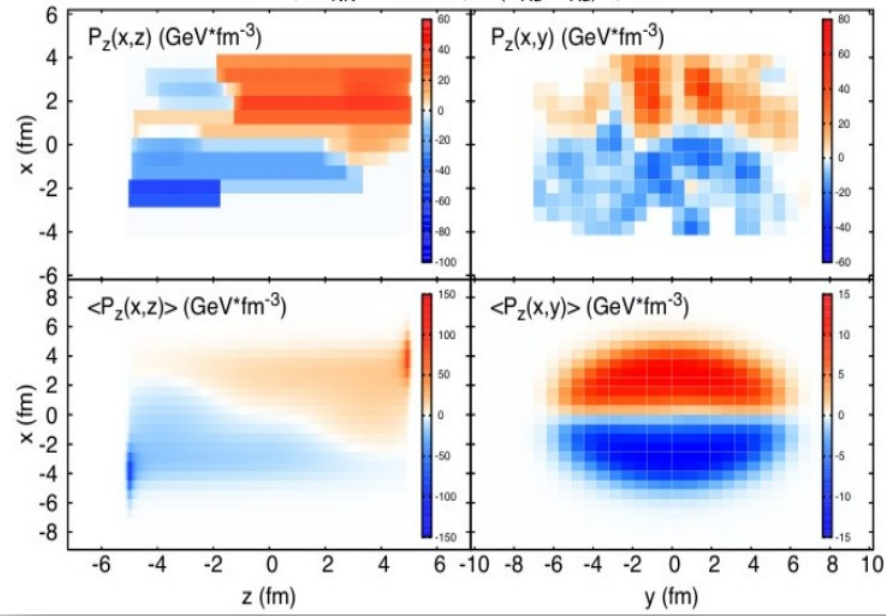


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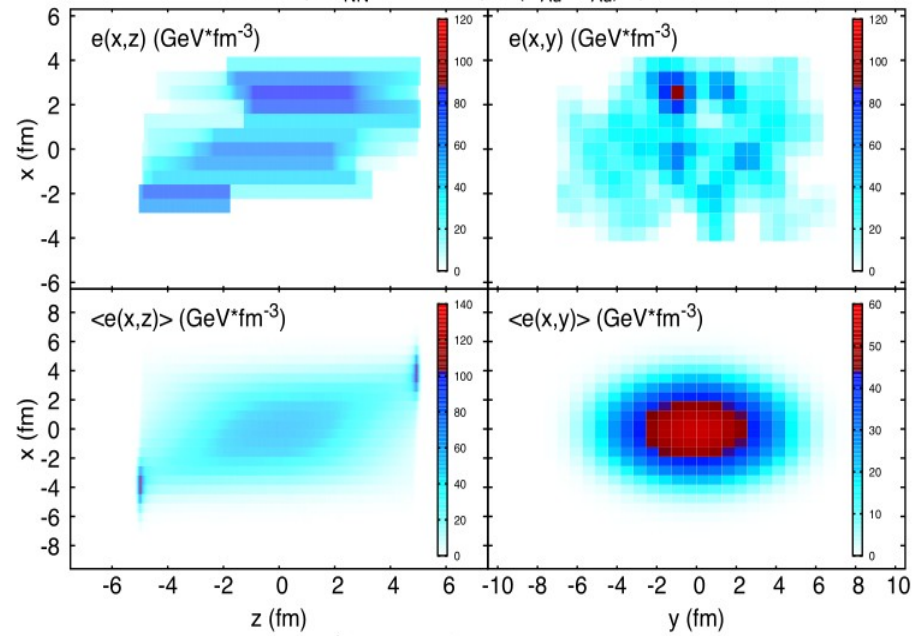
Au+Au, $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV, $b=(R_{Au}+R_{Au})/2$, $t=5$ fm



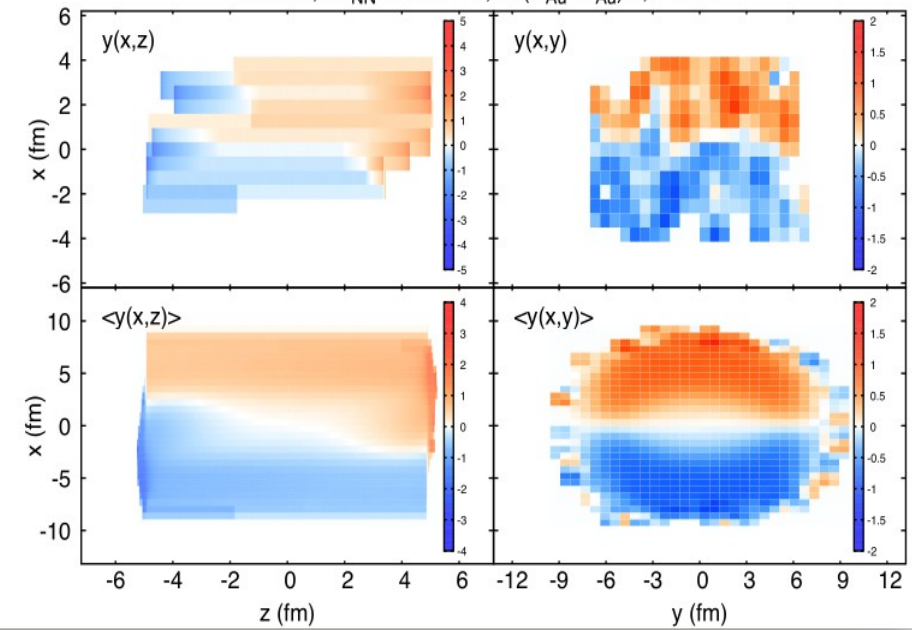
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PRC 107 (2023) 034915

INTERMEDIATE STAGE

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3D RELATIVISTIC IDEAL HYDRODYNAMICS CODE

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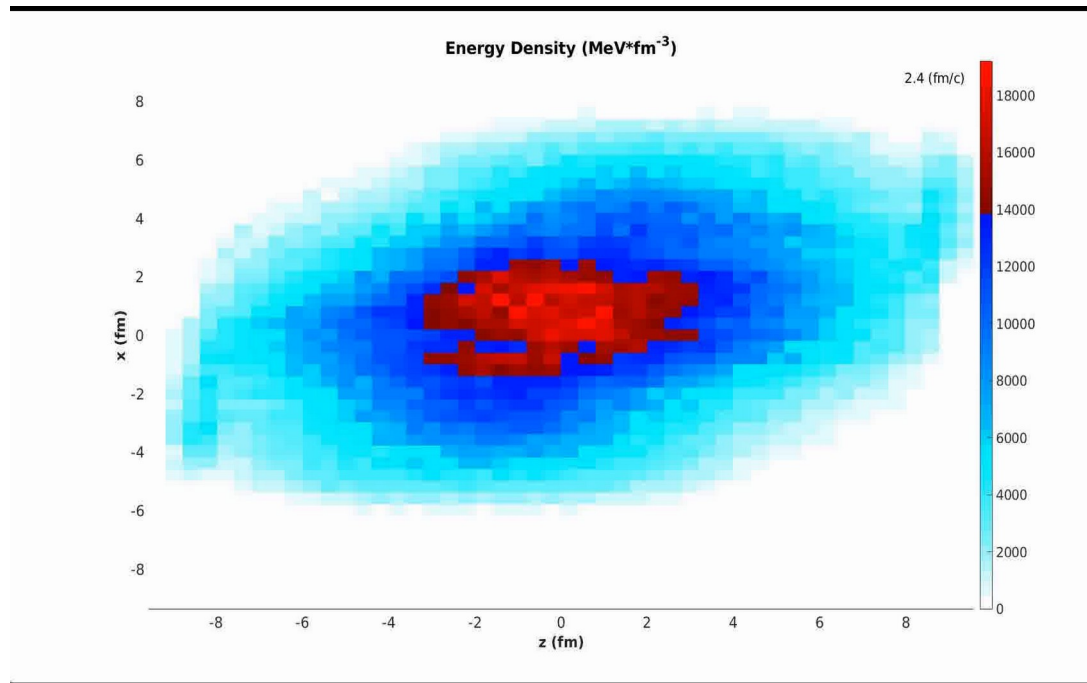
3D RELATIVISTIC IDEAL HYDRODYNAMICS CODE

SYMMETRIC INITIAL STAGE → **FLUCTUATING INITIAL STAGE**

INTERMEDIATE STAGE

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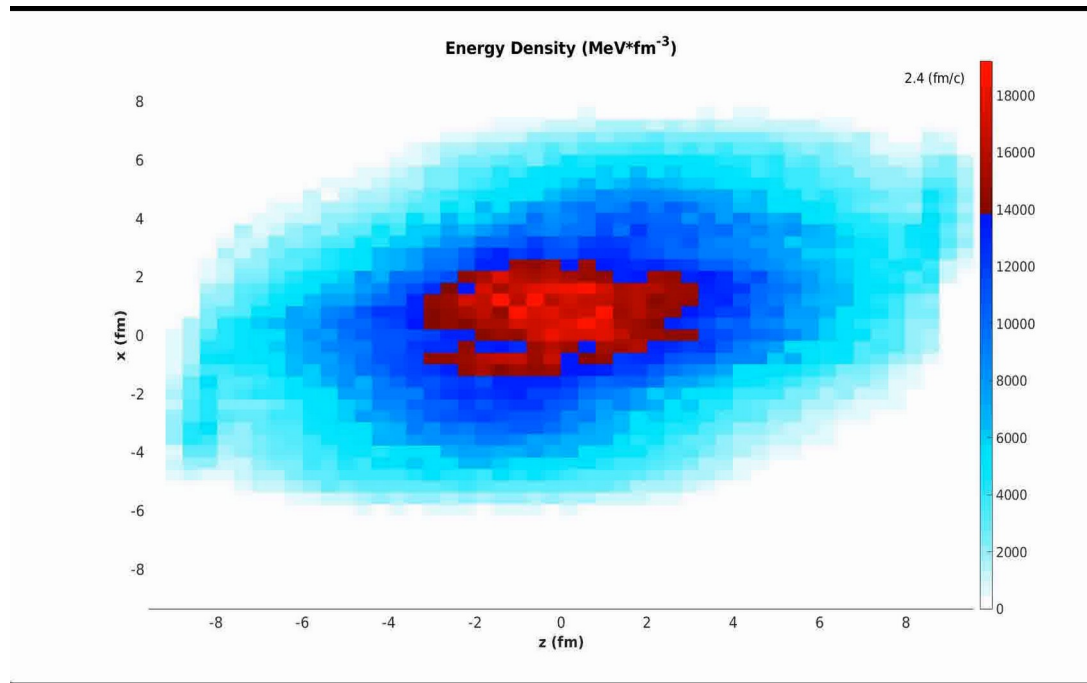
Au+Au @ RHIC $b = 0.5 * (R_{Au} + R_{Au})$ 100 EVENTS

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3D RELATIVISTIC IDEAL HYDRODYNAMICS CODE

SYMMETRIC INITIAL STAGE → FLUCTUATING INITIAL STAGE

$t = \text{const}$ FO HYPERSURFACE



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PARTICLIZATION PROCEDURE

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- COOPER-FRYE PROCEDURE FOR CALCULATING PARTICLE DISTRIBUTIONS

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CONSTRUCT A 3D-HYPERSURFACE AT CONSTANT ENERGY OR TEMPERATURE IN 4D-SPACE

PARTICLIZATION PROCEDURE

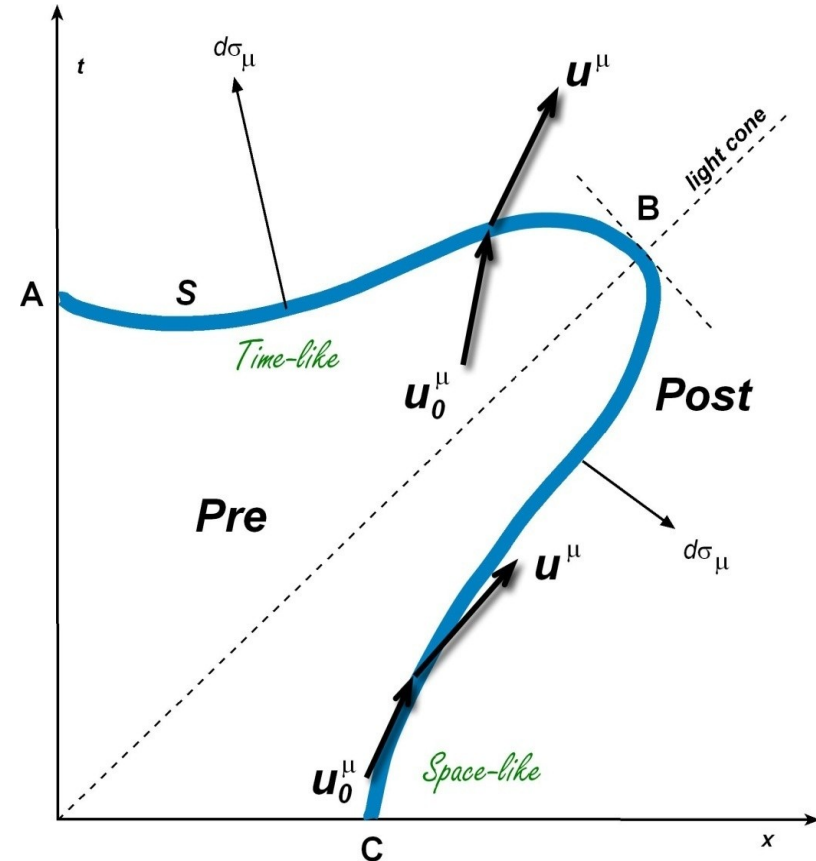
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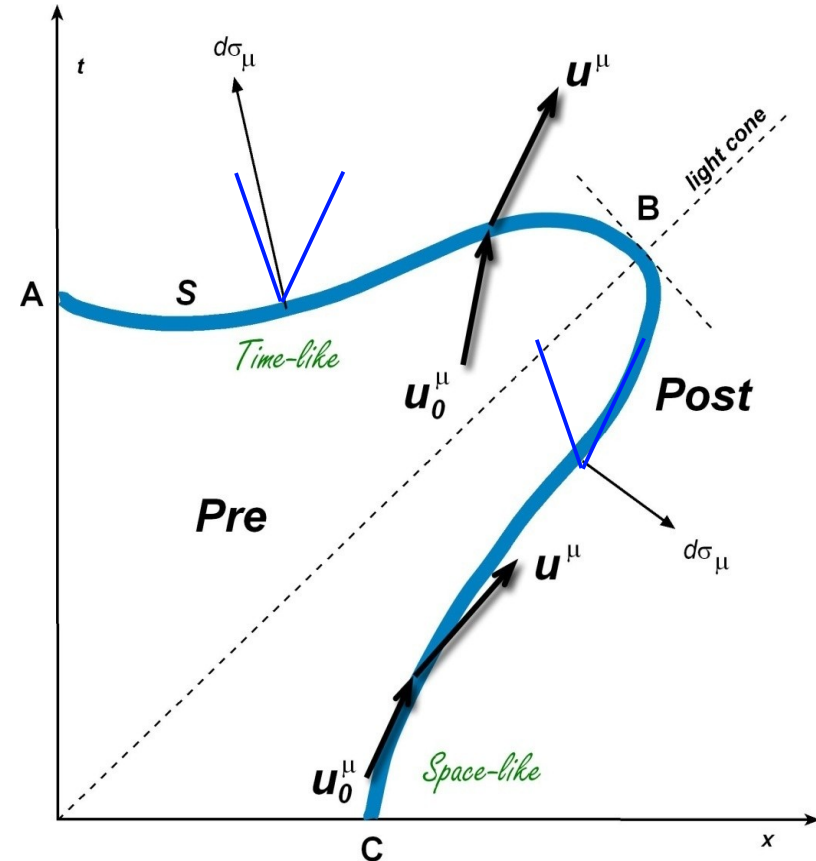


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HYPERSURFACE WITH TIME-LIKE AND SPACE-LIKE SURFACE ELEMENTS !!!



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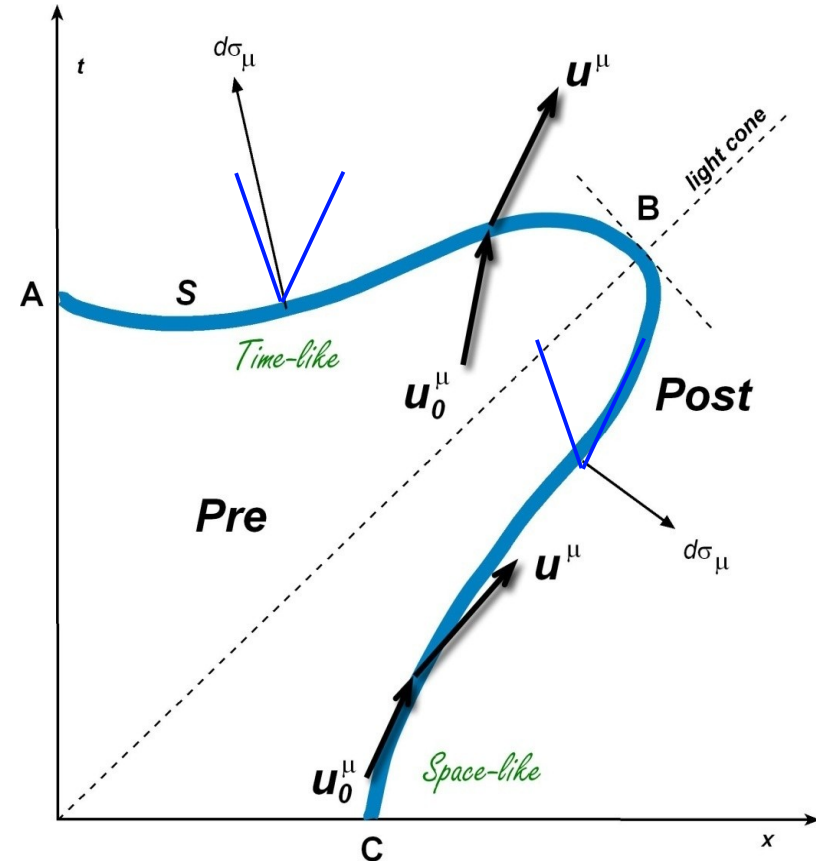
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POSITIVE FLOW: $d\sigma_\mu u^\mu > 0$

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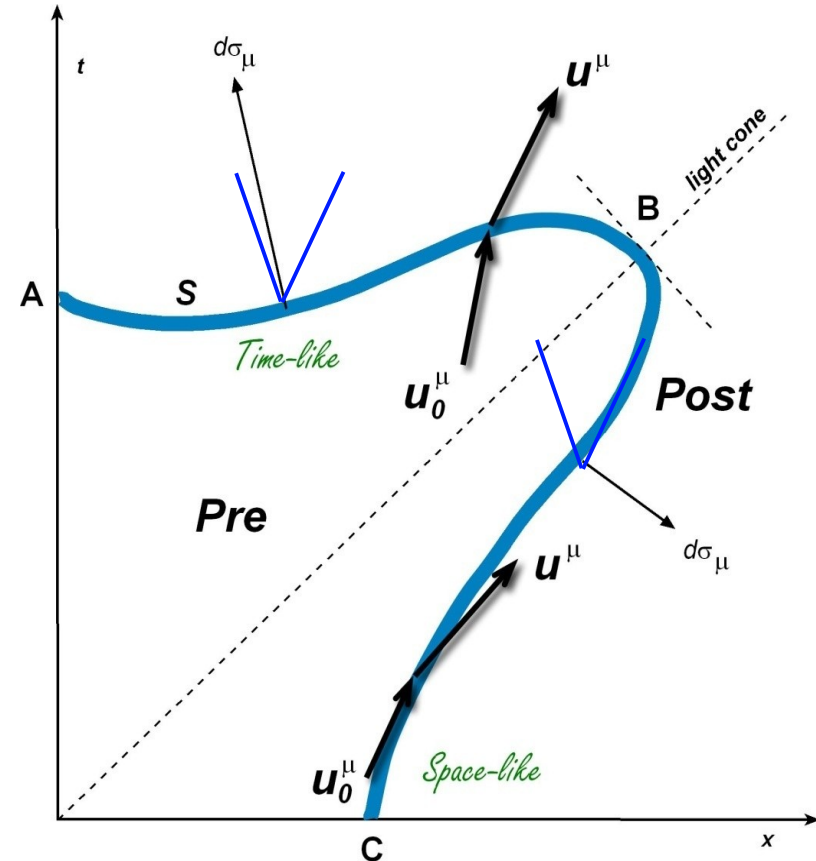
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$$E \frac{dN(x)}{dp^3} = d\sigma_\mu p^\mu f(x, p) \Theta(d\sigma_\mu p^\mu)$$



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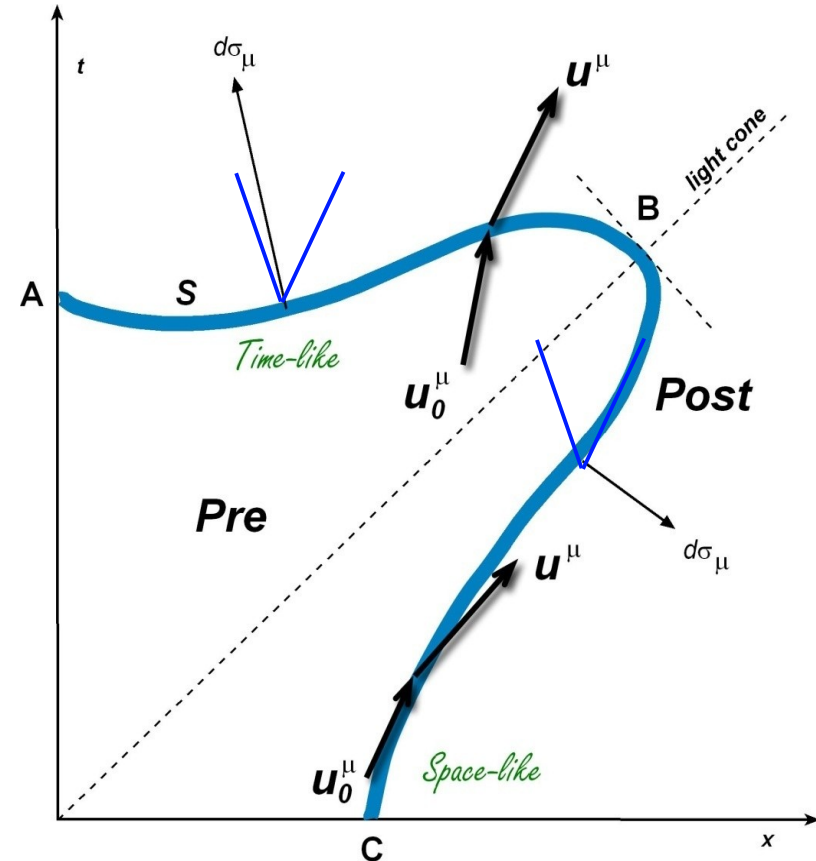
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$$N = \int_\sigma d\sigma_\mu j^\mu(x) = \int_\sigma d\sigma_\mu \int \frac{d^3p}{E} p^\mu f(x, p)$$



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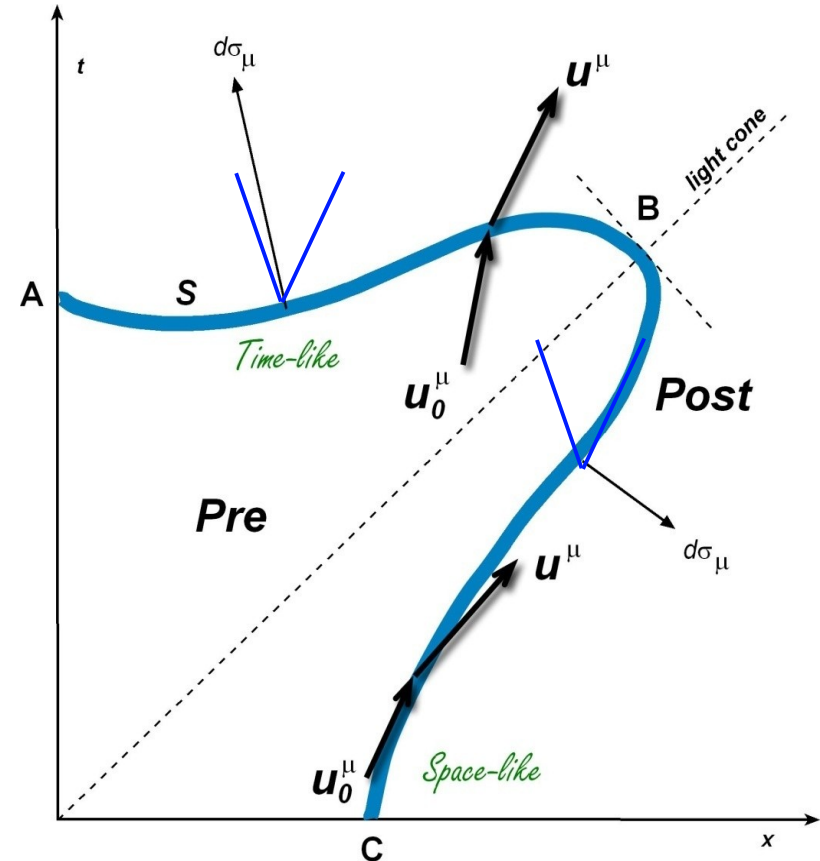
NEGATIVE FLOW: $d\sigma_\mu u^\mu < 0$

Ideal gas of QUARs & Gluons (Bag model) → EFFECTIVE CHIRAL HADRON-QUARK EoS (J Steinheimer et al 2011 J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 38 035001, <http://arxiv.org/abs/1009.5239v2>)

$$T_{pre}^{\mu\nu} = T_{pos}^{\mu\nu} \quad T^{hydro} = T^{HG}$$

$$N_{pre}^\mu = N_{pos}^\mu \quad \mu^{hydro} = \mu^{HG}$$

$$\vec{v}^{hydro} = \vec{v}^{HG}$$



HADRONIC AFTERBURNER EVOLUTION

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HADRONIC AFTERBURNER EVOLUTION

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IN BOTH MODELS:

- 1) PARTICLES ARE PROPAGATED ALONG STRAIGHT LINES BETWEEN COLLISIONS

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- 3) AT HIGH ENERGIES AND CHARGE DENSITIES $2 \rightarrow n$ SCATTERING PROCESS ARE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT BY STRING FORMATION AND FRAGMENTATION

OUTLOOK

- IMPLEMENT CORNELIUS ALGORITHM and Monte-Carlo particlization
- RUN SMASH
- High statistics is need! → Large output files
- CALCULATE OBSERVABLES: FLOWS, POLARIZATION OF Λ PARTICLES, PARTICLE SPECTRA...
- CONTRAST RESULTS WITH EXPERIMENTAL DATA

THANKS!!!