

### Multi-messenger characterization of Mrk501 during historically low X-ray and gamma-ray activity

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MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT FÜR PHYSIK

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Gamma 2022

2022-07-07

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- It can be studied in detail in both during flaring and quiescent states
- Regular MWL monitoring is organized to disentangle its complex behavior
- 4 years of very low activity from 2017 to 2020
- 2 years of historically low X-ray activity
  - Is it a sort of **baseline**?



## Mrk501 - low activity

• 2 years of historically low X-ray



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# Mrk501 - low activity

#### • 2 years of historically low X-ray and gamma-ray (>0.2 TeV) activity

- Identified by a Bayesian block algorithm applied to the MAGIC lightcurve
- From mid of 2017 to mid of 2019
- VHE flux constant at ~5% that of the Crab
- Simultaneous low activity in X-rays



MWL correlations - 4year (2017 - 2020)

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![](_page_16_Figure_7.jpeg)

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![](_page_17_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_8.jpeg)

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![](_page_18_Figure_7.jpeg)

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![](_page_18_Figure_8.jpeg)

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- Standard one-zone SSC model
- Two independent frameworks

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Standard one-zone SSC model

- Two independent frameworks
  - Modified naima framework using a MCMC sampler by S. Gasparyan

![](_page_20_Figure_4.jpeg)

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  - Public jetset framework using a minuit minimization result as a prior for a MCMC sampler by A. Tramacere

![](_page_21_Figure_5.jpeg)

#### Standard one-zone SSC model

- Two independent frameworks
  - Modified naima framework using a MCMC sampler by S. Gasparyan
  - Public jetset framework using a minuit minimization result as a prior for a MCMC sampler by A. Tramacere

#### → Both frameworks **describe the low state SED well** with **standard model parameters**

(see e.g. Abdo et al. 2011)

	L <sub>e</sub> [erg/s]	$\alpha_1$	$\gamma_{ m br}'$	$\gamma'_{ m max}$
Modified Naima	$7.7 \times 10^{43}$	2.57	$2.0 \times 10^{5*}$	$1.2 \times 10^{6}$
Jetset	$8.4 \times 10^{43}$	2.59	$2.0 \times 10^{5*}$	$1.2 \times 10^{6}$

![](_page_22_Figure_8.jpeg)

 $5.7 \times 10^{-4}$ 

\*Fixed to the cooling break

Broken power law used with  $\alpha_2 = \alpha_1 + 1$ ,  $\gamma_{\min} = 1000$ ,  $R = 1.1 \times 10^{17}$  cm,  $\delta = 11$ , z = 0.034, Franceschini EBL

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23

 $2.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 

 $9.6 \times 10^{43}$ 

 Frameworks using the LeHa (Cerruti et al. 2015) and SORPANO (Gasparyan et al. 2022) codes

![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

- Frameworks using the LeHa (Cerruti et al. 2015) and SORPANO (Gasparyan et al. 2022) codes
  - → Describes the low-state SED reasonably well

![](_page_24_Figure_3.jpeg)

 Frameworks using the LeHa (Cerruti et al. 2015) and SORPANO (Gasparyan et al. 2022) codes

### $\rightarrow$ Describes the low-state SED reasonably well

 with standard model parameters and low variability

![](_page_25_Figure_4.jpeg)

 Frameworks using the LeHa (Cerruti et al. 2015) and SORPANO (Gasparyan et al. 2022) codes

#### $\rightarrow$ Describes the low-state SED reasonably well

 with standard model parameters and low variability

#### in agreement with the IceCube ULs

Neutrino rates per year: Expected by the model: 1e-5 IceCube best fit number: 10.3/10

![](_page_26_Figure_6.jpeg)

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Additional NuSTAR observations
 → Evaluation of the SED evolution

![](_page_27_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

a)	Model	for	NuSTAR-1	with a	magnetic	field o	of <i>B</i> ′	=0.01  G
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	L <sub>e</sub> [erg/s]	$\alpha_1$	$\gamma_{ m br}'$	$\gamma'_{\rm max}$	
Modified Naima	$1.1 \times 10^{44}$	2.30	$6.6 \times 10^{5*}$	$7.2 \times 10^{6}$	
Jetset	$1.1 \times 10^{44}$	2.29	$6.6 \times 10^{5*}$	$7.3 \times 10^{6}$	

-,	$L_{e}$ [erg/s]	$\alpha_1$	$\gamma'_{\rm br}$	$\gamma'_{\rm max}$
Modified Naima	$7.8 \times 10^{43}$	2.52	$1.9 \times 10^{5*}$	$1.5 \times 10^{6}$
Jetset	$8.2 \times 10^{43}$	2.55	$1.9 \times 10^{5*}$	$1.6 \times 10^{6}$

b) Model for NuSTAP 2 with a magnetic field of R' = 0.025 G

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• Assumption:

![](_page_31_Figure_2.jpeg)

- Assumption:
  - Stable & always present baseline emission
    - $\rightarrow$  use our low state model

![](_page_32_Figure_4.jpeg)

• Assumption:

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 Usually outshone by a more dominant and variable region

![](_page_33_Figure_5.jpeg)

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 Usually outshone by a more dominant and variable region

→ Combination reproduces the observed blazar emission

![](_page_34_Figure_6.jpeg)

• Assumption:

• Stable & always present baseline emission

 $\rightarrow$  use our low state model

 Usually outshone by a more dominant and variable region

→ Combination reproduces the observed blazar emission

- Applied to the SED evolution (NuSTAR1 – low-state)
- Applied to the typical state of Mrk501 (Abdo et al. 2011)

![](_page_35_Figure_8.jpeg)

1015

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10<sup>-13</sup>

1012

1021

1024

 $10^{18}$ 

ν [Hz]

10<sup>27</sup>

## Summary

- During the period from mid-2017 to mid-2019, Mrk501 showed **historically low** activity in X-rays and VHE gamma rays
- Variability & correlations hint towards a leptonic origin of the variable part of the blazar emission
  - For the first time, we find **correlation between X-rays and VHE** at more than 3σ significance **during low activity states**
  - Radio lags behind the  $\gamma$ -rays by more than 100 days  $\rightarrow$  location  $\gamma$ -ray emission upstream of radio bright regions
  - Additionally, *Fermi*-LAT and *Swift*-XRT show a correlation at more than 3σ level
- We demonstrated how this extremely low state (baseline emission ?) can be explained by both standard leptonic and hadronic scenarios in agreement with additional multi-messenger data
- These studies can be used to evaluate the **potential existence of a steady baseline component** in the blazar emission, which is often **outshone by the emission of more variable and active region**
- For details wait for the upcoming publication

![](_page_37_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Thank you for your attention!