Institute of • MARÍA **Space Sciences**



LSI +61 303 – 16 years at GeV

Overview



ASTROPHYSICS

In the INSTITUTE OF SPACE SCIENCES (ICE, CSIC) SIL

- Addressed issues during the last decades.
- Open issues.
- For discussion: Prospects how to proceed.

First observations of LS I +61 303...



- ...started ~50 years ago.
- No orbital variability detected.
- Source position not clear & source confusion → Binary could not be identified.



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Fermi-LAT view on LS I +61 303



- Source position coincident with position known from the optical.
- Orbital variability clearly visible.
- Periodicity detected: 26.6 +/- 0.5 days.



Flux change seen with Fermi-LAT



ASTROPHYSICS

SPACE SCIENCES (ICE, CSIC)

- 2.5 years of GeV data: Detected flux increased by 33%.
- Orbital modulation got fainter.
- Spectral shape remained the same (power law with exponential cutoff).
- Flux change due to super-orbital periodicity known from radio?



Long term variability detected after 4.5 years of Fermi-LAT



MULTIMESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS

OSMIC RAYS - COMPACT OBJECTS - RELATIVISTIC ENVIRONMENTS @ THE INSTITUTE OF SPACE SCIENCES (ICE, CSIC) SINCE 2006



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Long term variability associated with super-orbital periodicity



Super-orbital phase folded lightcurves



- Each panel shows the GeV flux at a fixed orbital position folded into the super-orbit (~4.6 years).
 Green background: periastron
 - \rightarrow no significant flux change
- Red background: apastron
 → super-orbit induces clear variation
- Black line: sinusoidal fit with fixed super-orbital period

Ackermann et al., ApJ 773, 35A (2013)

Fermi-LAT view after 16 years of GeV data → same trend



MULTIMESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS





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Spectra for each orbital phase bin of 0.1.



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 Spectra at fixed orbital phase for different superorbital phases.

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Correlation studies

Parameters Ellipses : Orbit = 0.5 to 0.6

- Correlation plots along the super-orbit at fixed orbital period.
- → Correlation cutoff energy and spectral slope.
- Work ongoing...

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Periodicity studies

- Two different periods in two energy ranges
 - E > 1GeV: P₁ = 26.932 ± 0.004(stat), orbital-superorbital beat-period
 - E < 0.3GeV: P₂ = 26.485 ± 0.004(stat), orbital period

Energy-dependent variability

• 0.1 – 0.3 GeV: Flux maximum at periastron

- Synchrotron or Inverse Compton → higher flux due to increased magnetic and/or soft photon field densities

- 1 10 GeV: Gradual drift of the phase of the maximum throughout the superorbital cycle
 - Due to precession of the system components or cyclical change of Be star's disc

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New periodic signal

New period of 26.301 ± 0.037 days.

- Not a combination of frequencies from any known period.

 \rightarrow Coupling effect between the orbital period and the retrograde stellar precession period.

Open issues@GeV energies

- Is the super-orbital behaviour stable over the years?
- Can we detect pulsations at GeV energies?
- Deeper spectral studies needed?
- What is the origin of the new periodic signal?
- How can multi-wavelength observations help in a deeper understanding of the system?
 - Optical observations to study the Be star disc
 - Correlation studies
 - Connect GeV & TeV spectra to distinguish different components
 - New periodic signal visible at other wavelengths?

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