# Knowledge and Technology Transfer

School on transferable skills: managing, entrepreneurial and IPR

Albert Cirera acirera@ub.edu



UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA



## Comments

- There would be no vaccine for Covid without startups and biotech companies. False simplification of "big pharmas."

- Public universities doing cutting-edge basic research but also promoting innovation (patents, licensing, spin offs).

Challenges→Solution:
Basic Science → Technology → Patent→ StartUp/SpinOff → Corps

- Globalization of science and research... researchers from many countries moving between continents. This depends on people, entrepreneurs, and these are global.

- Why is KTT important today?

- How does the KTT process take place?
- Why is KTT important for a researcher?

- Why is KTT important today?

- How does the KTT process take place?
- Why is KTT important for a researcher?

## The paper of universities along history

Universities at

Middle Age

SXIX-XX

→ research (2<sup>nd</sup> mission)

 $\rightarrow$  education

(1<sup>st</sup> mission)

>1970

 $\rightarrow$  innovation (3<sup>rd</sup> mission)







## What is innovation

According to ISO 56000:2020 ... a new or changed entity realizing or redistributing value



Innovation is about transforming ideas into something worthwhile for someone and thus generating results.

Kevin Kelly (2016). The Inevitable. Penguin Books.

### What is innovation

#### THE HUMAN CURIOSITY AS DRIVER FOR INNOVATION !!



Innovation is about transforming **ideas** into something worthwhile for someone and thus generating results.

Kevin Kelly (2016). The Inevitable. Penguin Books.

## Increasing technology in innovation

Technology: problem  $\rightarrow$  knowledge + other tecnologies  $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$  solution + new concepts + effective exploitation ...  $\rightarrow$ 



B. Arthur (2009). The Nature of Technology: What is It and Hows it Evolves. Free press





Innovation value chain of Autonomous Electric Vehicle

- Basic and applied research (Batteries, Artificial Vision, AI, Comms) @ MIT, Oxford U, Munich TU, Tsinghua U ...
- Prototype of autonomous cars @ Waymo, Cruise, Zoox, Nuro ... start ups founded by investors+students
- Certification @ Applus+IDIADA, TÜV, UL, SGS ...
- Scale Up (Fabrication) @ Tesla, BYD, Google, GM, Amazon, Renault, Stellantis ...









## **R&D** policies

#### 1.6M OFCD - Tota Gross domestic spending on R&D Total, Million US dollars, 2000 - 2022 14 1.2M 1.01 M8.0 0.6M 0.4M 0.2M 2005 2015 2020 198 1985 201 2015 Papers 1000000 DECD - Total 1000000 100000 10000 Triadic patent families Total, Number, 1985 - 2020 1000 100 0 201 0 2020 2010 2015 16 1990

OECD Data (data.oeced.org) https://data.oecd.org/rd/researchers.htm#indicator-char

#### Researchers Total, Per 1 000 employed, 1981 - 2021

Scopus

## **R&D** policies

Some data 2021-2022:

- 20,000 universities (1)
- laboratories  $\sim$  2 billion m2 (2)
- More than 57,000 patents granted (3)
- More than 50,000 doctoral theses (4)
- 1% of OECD employees are researchers (3)
- Almost 3,000,000 scientific documents -papers- (5)

Search in September 2023:

- (1) 15700 QS 31000 webometrics.info
- (2) 20.000 universities x 100.000 m2/univ
- (3) OCDE some contradiction with UNESCO https://www.unesco.org/reports/science/2021/en/report-series
- (4) 44987 Open Access Theses and Diss. y 49965 en NDLTD, and many are not there!.
- (5) Scopus, search limited to papers in 2022: 2.857.590

## Public & Private players in innovation

Private sector (Fabs, companies, SMEs, Corps) invest on:

1) Market oriented innovation (currently not basic neither applied research)

2) Culture (Open Innovation)

3) Organizational structure of innovation (ISO)

Public sector (countries, regions, states, UE) promotes firmly

1) Advanced Human Capital

2) Basic and Applied Research

#### Is there (still) any weak point in the innovation value chain?





## Knowledge & Tech Transfer matching Public&Private



EU-Drivers report 2010. J.M. Vilalta et al

- Why is KTT important today?
- $\rightarrow$  Current challenges involve complex technologies
- $\rightarrow$  No single actor can play in innovation alone
- → Universities and R&D centers specialized in Basic and App Research
- → Companies specialized in production and complementary technologies
- → KTT: matching between Universities & Companies

- Why is KTT important today?
- How does the KTT process take place?
- Why is KTT important for a researcher?







T. Berners-Lee et al (1990) WorldWideWeb: Proposal for a HyperText Project. https://www.w3.org/Proposal.html









HOW WA



Cost to sequence a human genome (USD)



## **Science Driven Innovation**

#### **Penicillin (Fleming)**

**Individual Genius** 

Chance

basic science

Not patent

War driven innovation

Slow innovation

(1928-1940)

Genoma (Bayley, Oxford Nanopore) Middle team (15) international working on World Challenge basic science Patent → Spin off Very Rapid Innovation (2001-2003)











PROCESS	INVESTMENT OF UNIVERSITY	INVESTMENT OF RESEARCHERS	TIME TO RETURN	RETURN	RISK
AGREEMENT	0	0 but time	SHORT (MONTHS)	MEDIUM	LOW
PATENTS	MEDIUM (~20k\$)	0	MEDIUM- LONG (FEW YEARS)	MEDIUM- HIGH	MODERATE- HIGH
SPIN OFF	MEDIUM	MEDIUM (~20k\$) OR (~100k\$)	LONG (YEARS)	VERY HIGH (X1000)	VERY HIGH

## KTT at the University of Barcelona













## KTT at the University of Barcelona





Bosch i Gimpera UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA















## KTT at the University of Barcelona





#### Bosch i Gimpera Foundation – founded in 1983

Proactive promotion of innovation and management of contracts with companies or institutions 2023: +600 contracts, +€28 M, +700 people hired for contract work Identification, management, and licensing of patents: 2023: 139 available patents, 153 patent applications, 11 licenses

Support and management of Spinoffs:

2023: 24 active participating spin-offs, 49 spin-offs created since 2001. Return €187k/spin-off.



#### University of Barcelona Science Park – founded in 1997

An oriented ecosystem:

22,000 m2 laboratories, 11,000 m2 offices, 12 meeting rooms, 3 auditoriums, 2 restaurants Services: common (clean rooms, centrifuges, histology, microscopes),

radioactive facility, drosophila, animal house...

3453 professionals: 93 companies + 7 research centers + 7 UB groups + 11 nonprofit entities UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA

StartUB! – founded in 2019

Startup and student project incubator:

- 2019-23: 1600 students trained, 240 projects incubated, 42 start-ups.
- 2024: 600 students trained, 65 projects incubated, 17 new startups.

- How does the KTT process take place?
- → Countries ... innovation public push ... €€€ in R&D ... to promote Science Driven Innovation
- $\rightarrow$  Science Driven Innovation by
  - Agreement (€, low risk)
  - Patent licensing (€€, medium risk)
  - Spin off (€€€, high risk)
- → Universities promote this by KTT offices & Sc. Parks
- → UB: Fundació Bosch i Gimpera, PCB & StartUB!<sub>38</sub>

- Why is KTT important today?
- How does the KTT process take place?
- Why is KTT important for a researcher?

## The academic carrier





#### 1. Postdoc

- 2. Return: Juan de la Cierva, Beatriu de Pinos.
- 3. Responsible of WP, competitive grants.
- 4. Young Research Projects (JIN, ERC starting)
- 5. Projects with Foundations. <u>Projects with companies</u>
- 6. National Projects
- 7. 7. International Projects

#### The IP: funding the research



## The Prestige

Modesto Orozco Computational Chemistry - 476 papers, 32.575 cites, h=89 Jose Ignacio Latorre Theoretical Physics - 144 papers, 13.624 cites, h=50



Nostrum Biodiscovery

The spin-off Nostrum Biodiscovery wins the 2019 Senén Vilaró Prize

#### Qilimanjaro Quantum Tech

The spin-off of the UB, Qilimanjaro Quantum Tech, recognized at the Mobile World Congress as the best digital start-up in the world

29-02-2024

The spin-off of the University of Barcelona, <u>Qilimanjaro Quantum Tech</u>, has been recognized at the **Mobile World Congress Barcelona 2024** as the **best digital start-up in the world**. The company was chosen as the winner of the 4YFN Awards, a global start-up competition aimed at finding the best emerging companies from around the planet that represents the highest recognition offered to start-ups at the MWC.

**The influence of scientific prestige and peer effects on the intention to create university spin-offs** S. Houweling, S. Wolff, *The Journal of Technology Transfer* (2020) 45:1432–1450

- Why is KTT important for a researcher?
- → Clear consolidation of his/her carrier ! (livelong!)
- → Complementary science funding
- $\rightarrow$  The prestige in the community and institution

#### - Why is KTT important today?

- $\rightarrow$  Current challenges involve complex techs, no single actor can play in innovation alone
- $\rightarrow$  Universities Basic and App Research / Companies production and technologies
- → KTT: matching between Universities & Companies

#### - How does the KTT process take place?

- → Countries €€€ to promote Science Driven Innovation
- → Science Driven Innovation by agreement, Patent, Spin Off
- → Universities promote this by KTT offices & Sc. Parks

#### - Why is KTT important for a researcher?

- → Clear consolidation of his/her carrier ! (livelong!)
- → Complementary science funding
- $\rightarrow$  The prestige in the community and institution

# Knowledge and Technology Transfer

School on transferable skills: managing, entrepreneurial and IPR

Albert Cirera acirera@ub.edu

