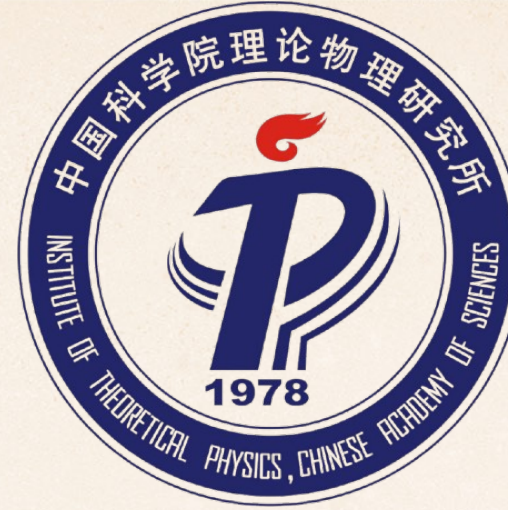


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102
1004

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Institut de Ciències del Cosmos
UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA

GRAVITATIONAL WAVES AS A PROBE OF THE EARLY UNIVERSE



Ao Wang

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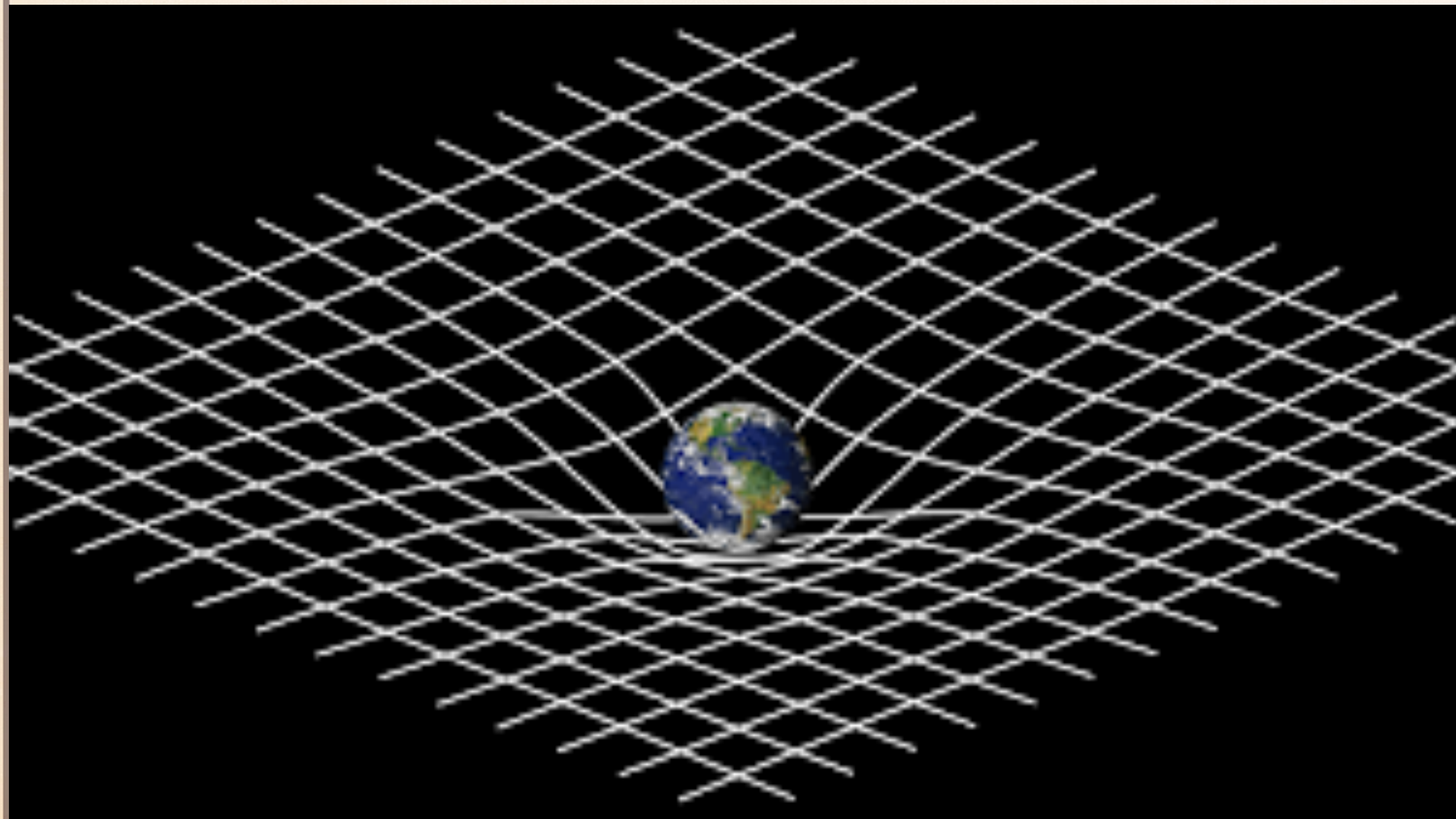
Based on:
G. Domènech, S. Pi, **AW** 25IX.xxxxxx

Nov.06.2025, BIG meeting @ ICCUB

WHAT IS GW?

$$G_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{\mu\nu}$$

$g_{\mu\nu}$: 10 components $\rightarrow$ 2 DoF



ωt	h_+	$h_\times$
0		
$\pi/2$		
π		
$3\pi/2$		

GW EFFECT

Geodesic deviation equation

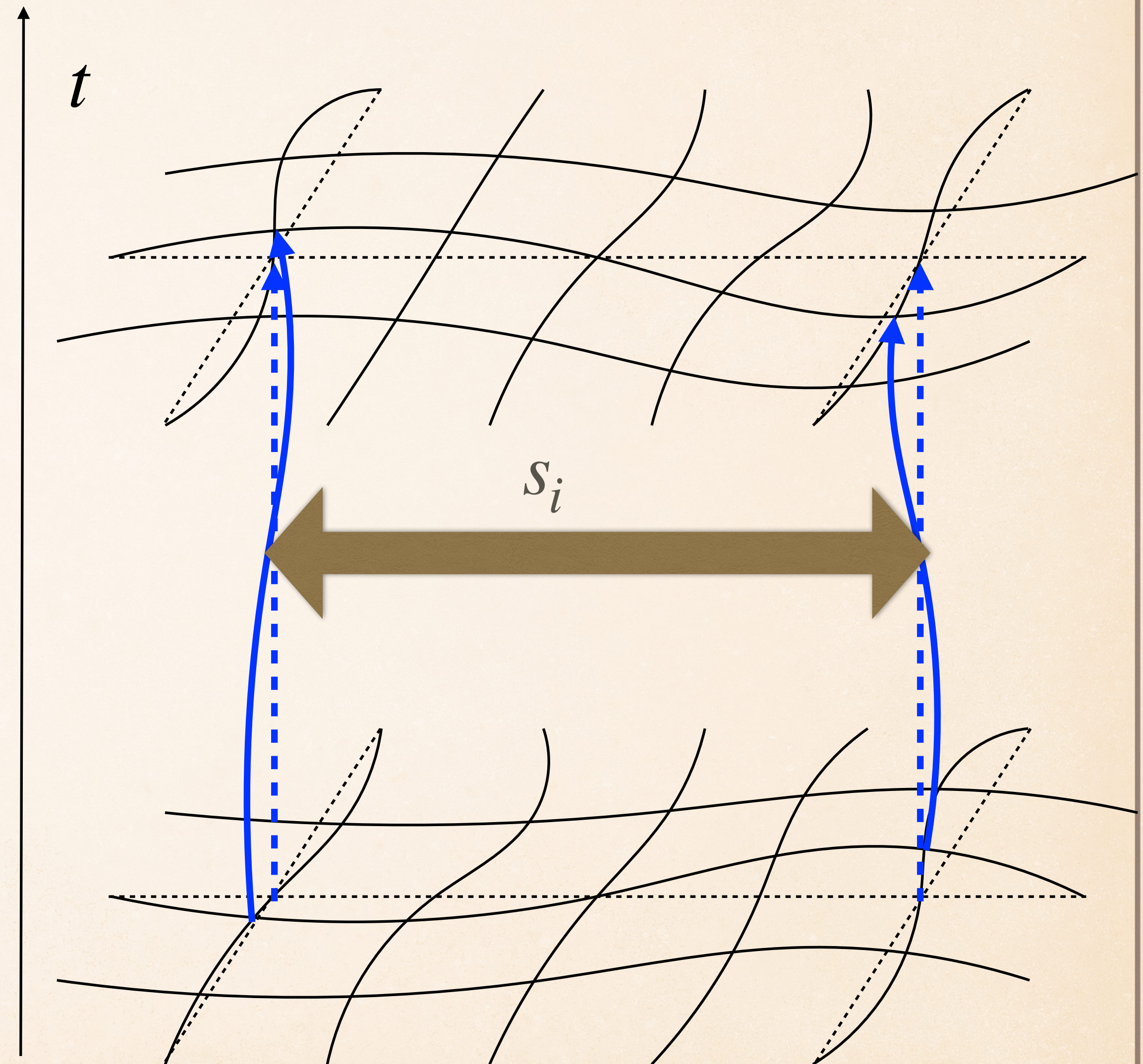
$$\ddot{s}_i = -\frac{1}{2}\ddot{h}_{ij}s_j \quad h_{ij} = \Lambda_{ij}^{kl}g_{kl}$$

at rest $dx^i/d\tau = \mathcal{O}(h)$

scale $|s| \ll L$

first-order perturbation

Michele Maggiore, Gravitational Waves



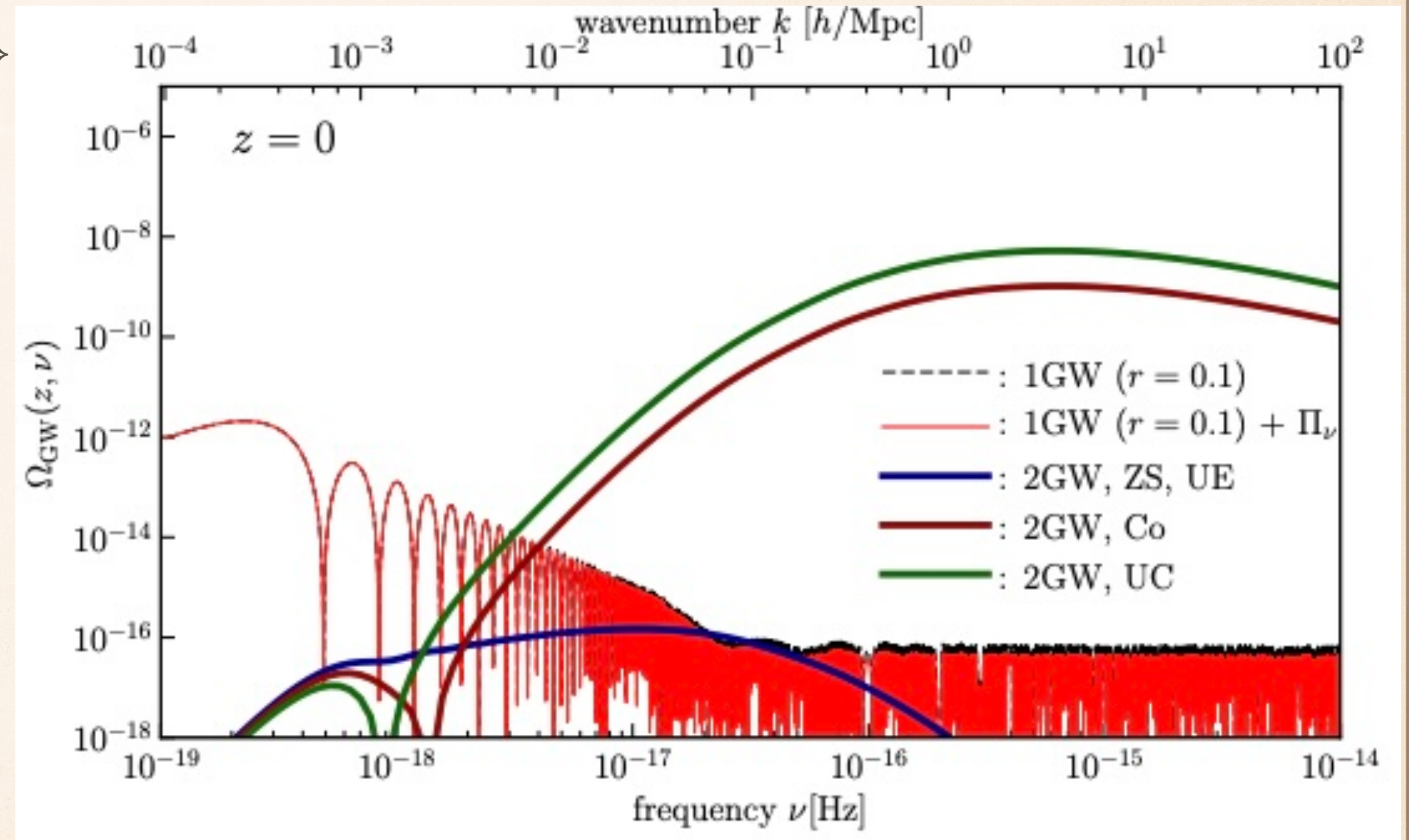
GAUGE ISSUE?

$$ds^2 = a(\eta)^2 \left(- (1 + 2\Phi)\eta^2 + ((1 - 2\Psi)\delta_{ij} + h_{ij}^N) dx^i dx^j \right)$$

$$h_{ij}^G = h_{ij}^N - \Lambda_{ij}^{ab} \left\{ \partial_a T_G \partial_b T_G + \partial_a \partial_k L_G \partial_b \partial_k L_G \right\}$$

Comoving slicing $T_C = V_N$

$$\partial_i T_G \partial_i T_G > h_{ij}^N$$



J. Hwang, D. Jeong, & H. Noh, 2017

OUTLINE

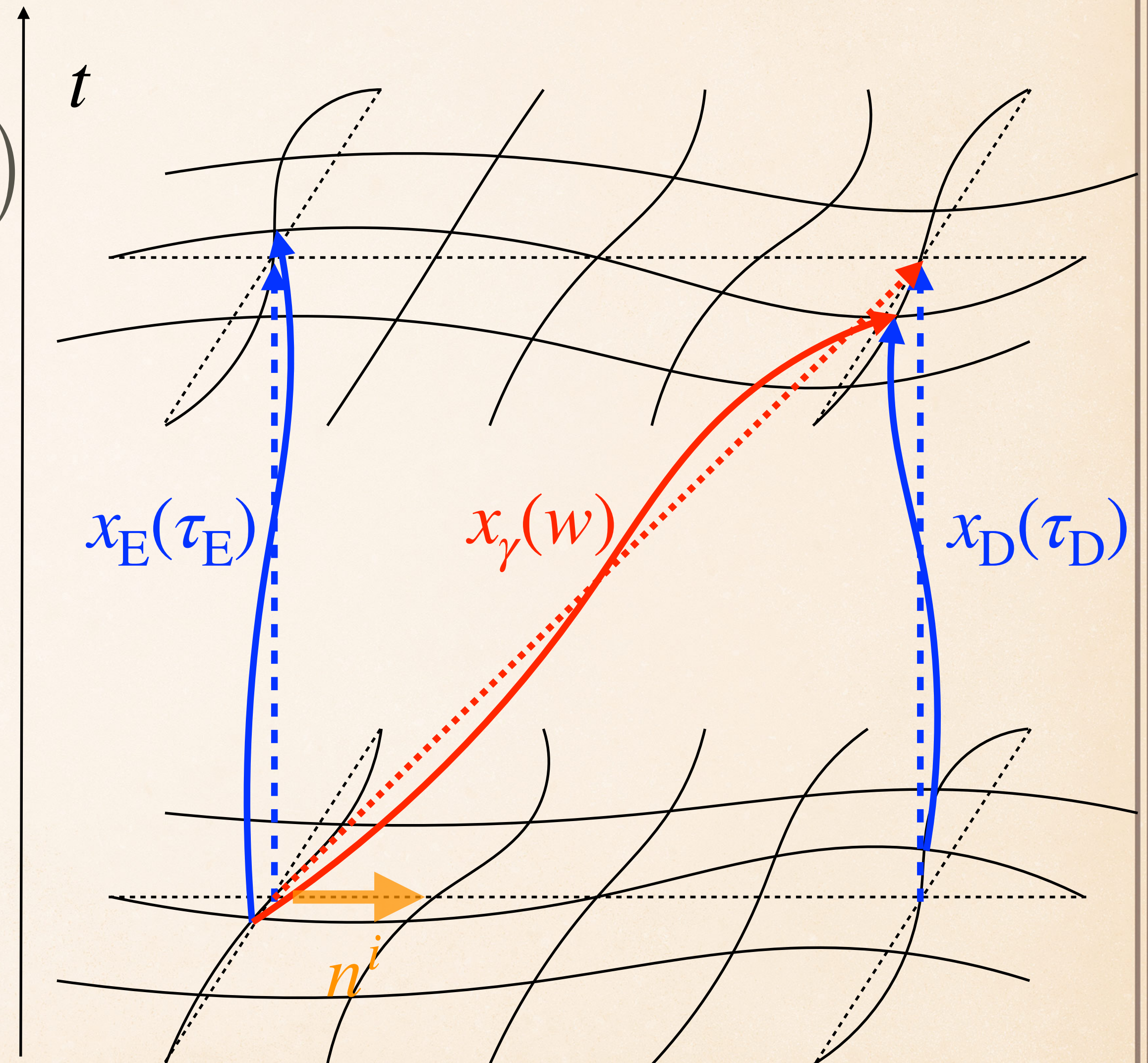
- ❖ First-order effect
- ❖ Second-order effect

GW EFFECT

$$ds^2 = a(\eta)^2 \left(-N^2 d\eta^2 + g_{ij} (dx^i + N^i d\eta) (dx^j + N^j d\eta) \right)$$

τ_{Ei}

$$x_{\text{D}}(\tau_{\text{Df}}) = x_{\gamma}(w_{\text{f}})$$

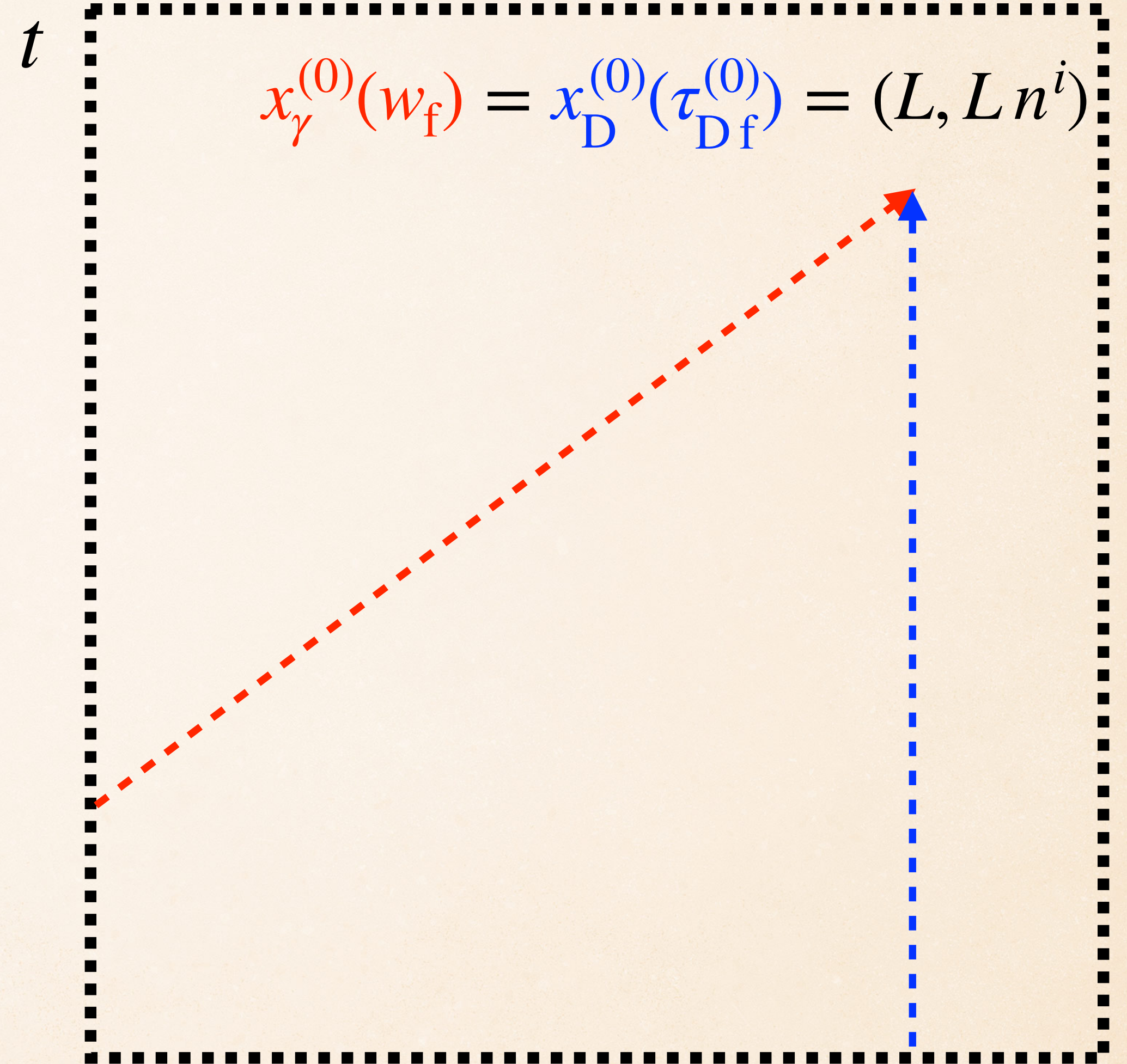


GW EFFECT

$$ds^2 = a(\eta)^2 \left(-N^2 d\eta^2 + g_{ij} (dx^i + N^i d\eta) (dx^j + N^j d\eta) \right)$$

$$\tau_{\text{Ei}} \quad x_{\text{D}}(\tau_{\text{Df}}) = x_{\gamma}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$x_{\text{D}}^{(0)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) = x_{\gamma}^{(0)}(w_{\text{f}})$$



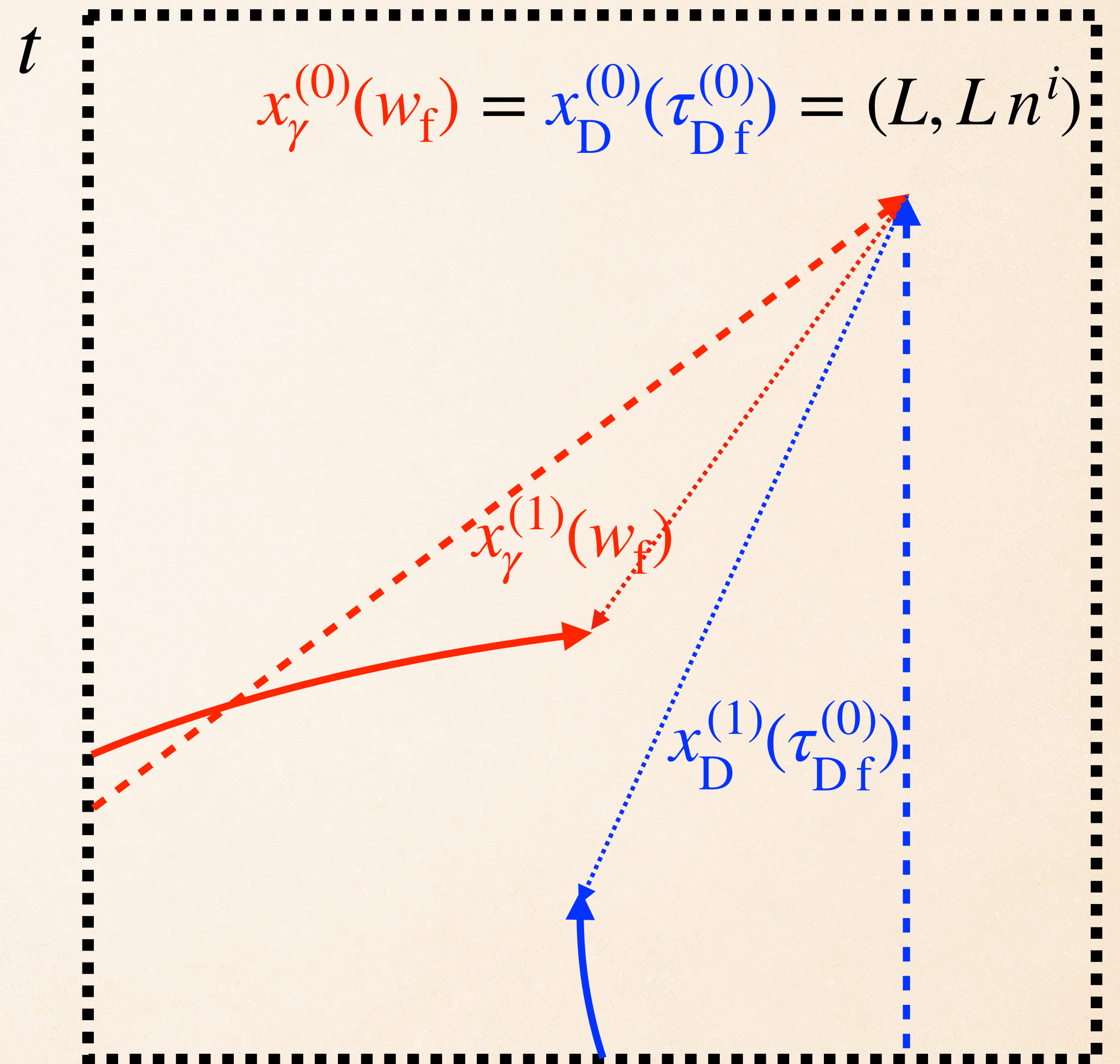
GW EFFECT

$$ds^2 = a(\eta)^2 \left(-N^2 d\eta^2 + g_{ij} (dx^i + N^i d\eta) (dx^j + N^j d\eta) \right)$$

$$\tau_{\text{Ei}} \quad x_{\text{D}}(\tau_{\text{Df}}) = x_{\gamma}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$x_{\text{D}}^{(0)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) = x_{\gamma}^{(0)}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$x_{\text{D}}^{(1)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) \neq x_{\gamma}^{(1)}(w_{\text{f}})$$



GW EFFECT

$$ds^2 = a(\eta)^2 \left(-N^2 d\eta^2 + g_{ij} (dx^i + N^i d\eta) (dx^j + N^j d\eta) \right)$$

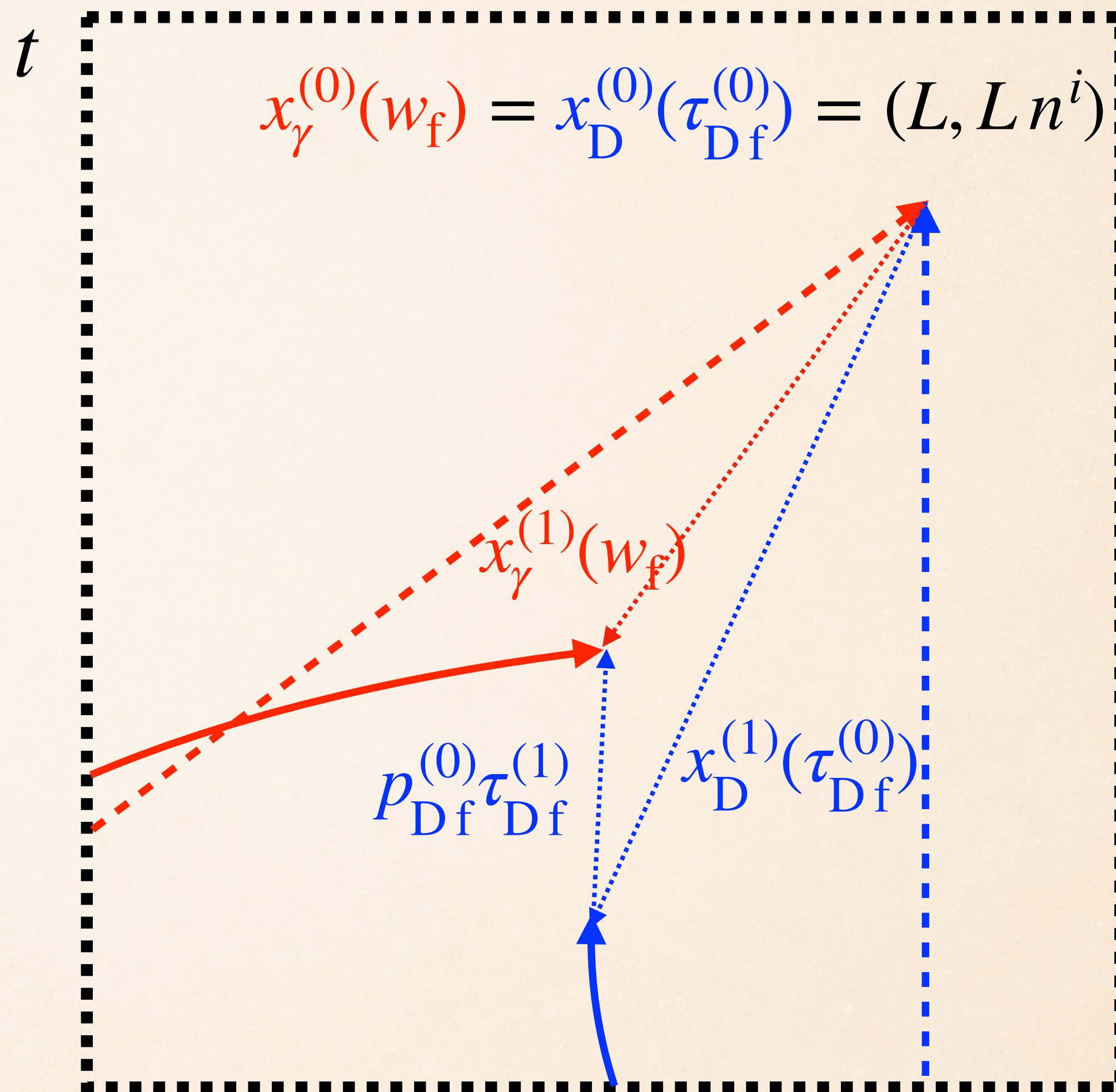
$$\tau_{\text{Ei}} \quad x_{\text{D}}(\tau_{\text{Df}}) = x_{\gamma}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$x_{\text{D}}^{(0)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) = x_{\gamma}^{(0)}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$x_{\text{D}}^{(1)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) \neq x_{\gamma}^{(1)}(w_{\text{f}})$$

$$\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{p_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}} (x_{\gamma}^{(1)}(w_{\text{f}}) - x_{\text{D}}^{(1)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}))$$

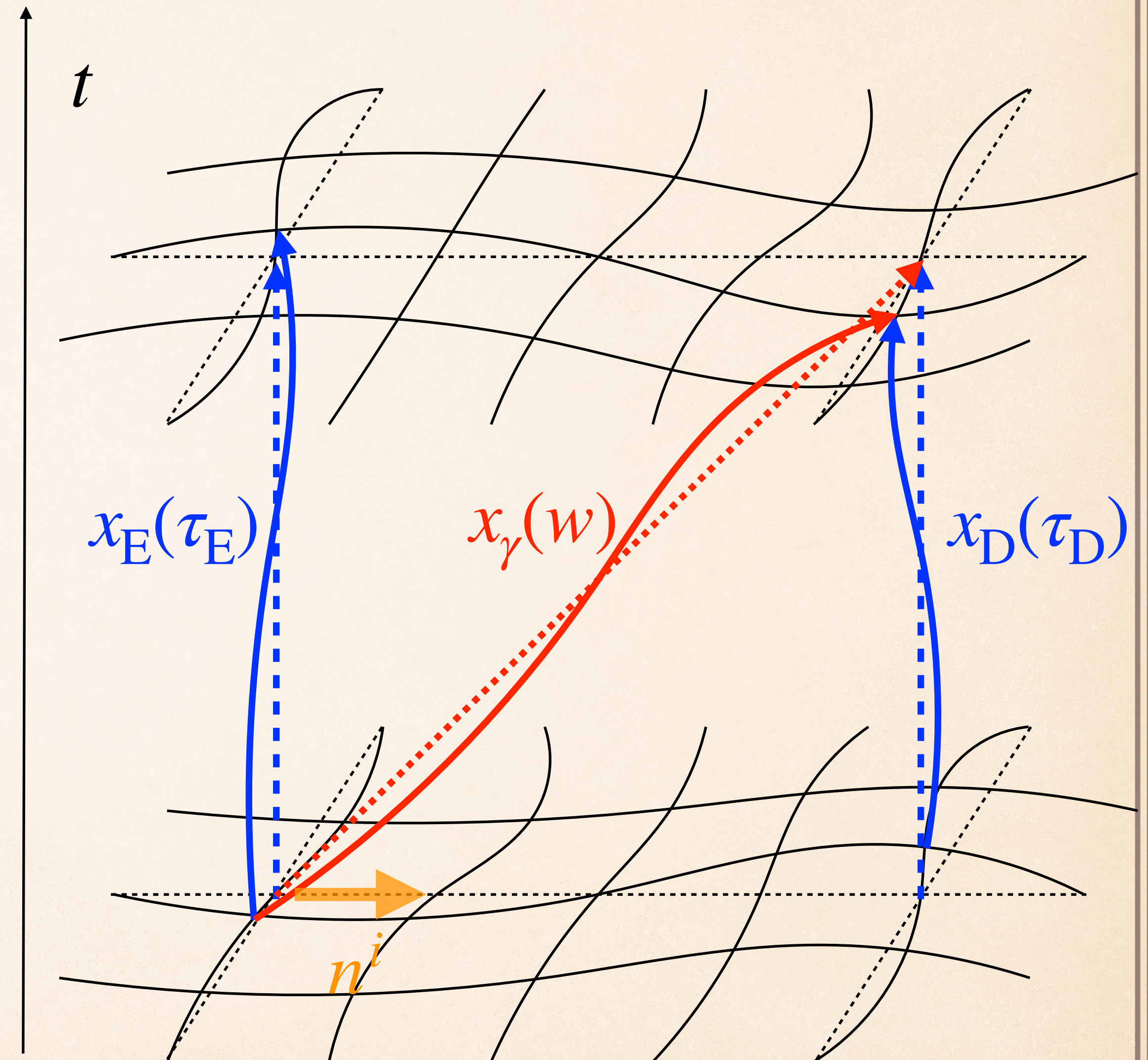
$$p_{\text{D}}^{(0)\mu} = \frac{dx_{\text{D}}^{(0)\mu}}{d\tau_{\text{D}}} = \frac{1}{a} (1, \vec{0})$$



PHOTON MOTION

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw g_{//}^{(1)},$$

$$g_{//}^{(1)} = k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \quad k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} = \frac{dx_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu}}{dw} = \frac{1}{a^2} (1, n^i)$$



PHOTON MOTION

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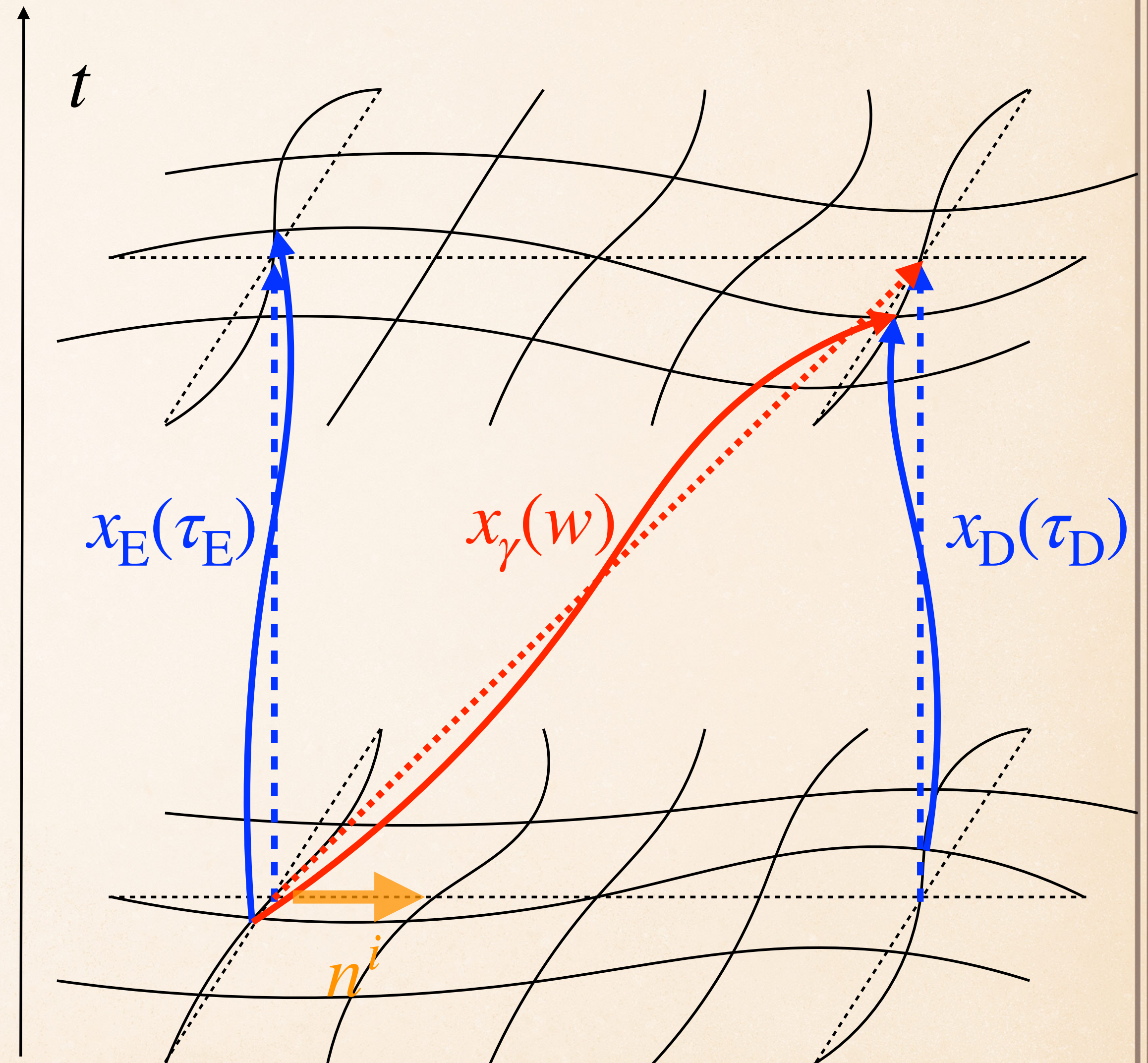
$$g_{//}^{(1)} = k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \quad k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} = \frac{dx_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu}}{dw} = \frac{1}{a^2} (1, n^i)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw g_{//}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{(1)}$$

$$+ n^i E_{,i}^{(1)} \Big|_0^{w_f}$$

$$- \int_0^L d\lambda \left(\alpha^{(1)} - \mathcal{R}^{(1)} + \sigma^{(1)'} \right) + \sigma^{(1)} \Big|_0^{w_f}$$

$$x_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu}(w) = x_{\gamma i}^{(0)\mu} + \lambda (1, n^i)$$



PHOTON MOTION

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw g_{//}^{(1)},$$

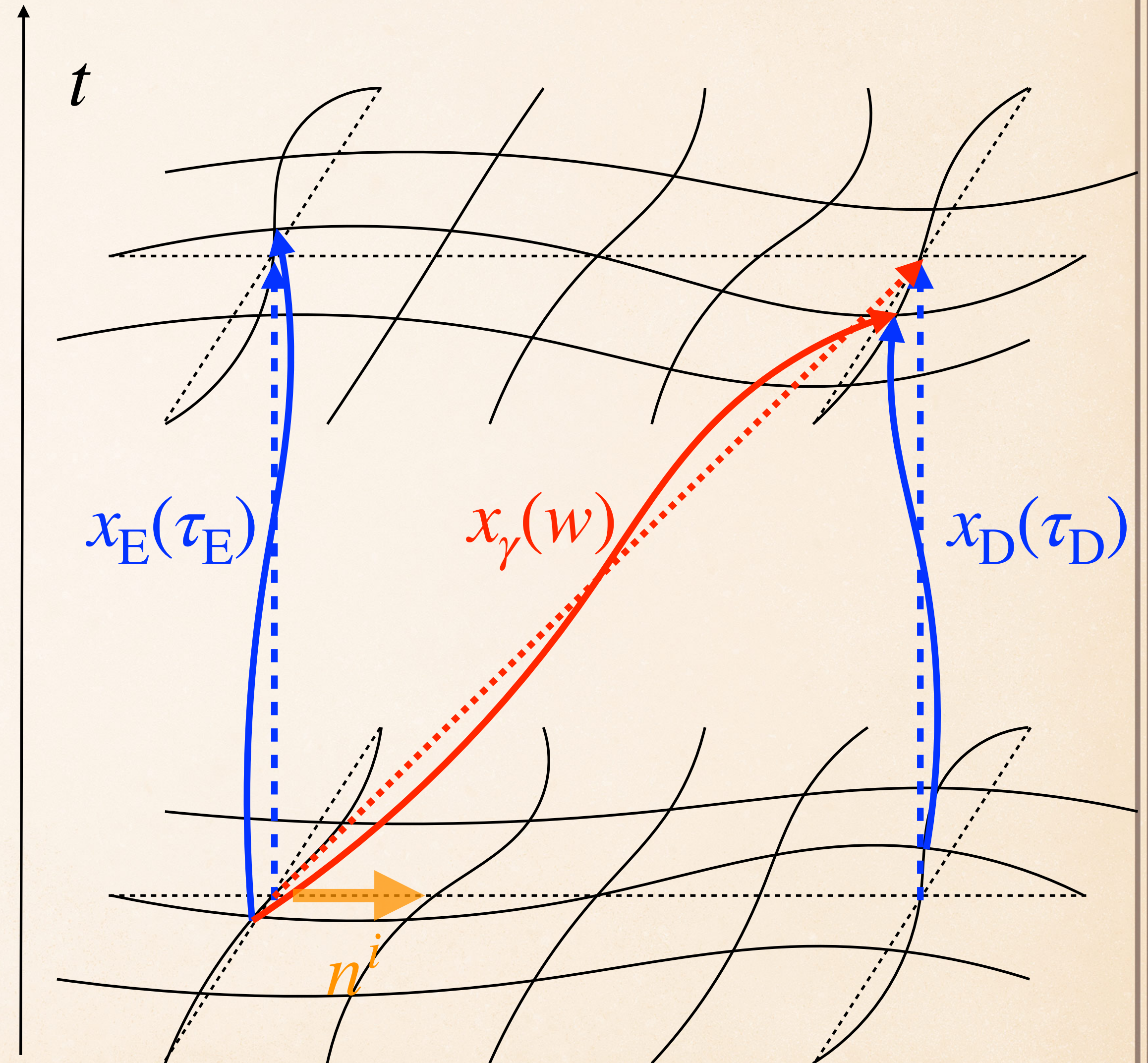
$$g_{//}^{(1)} = k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \quad k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} = \frac{dx_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu}}{dw} = \frac{1}{a^2} (1, n^i)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw g_{//}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{(1)}$$

$$+ n^i E_{,i}^{(1)} \Big|_0^{w_f}$$

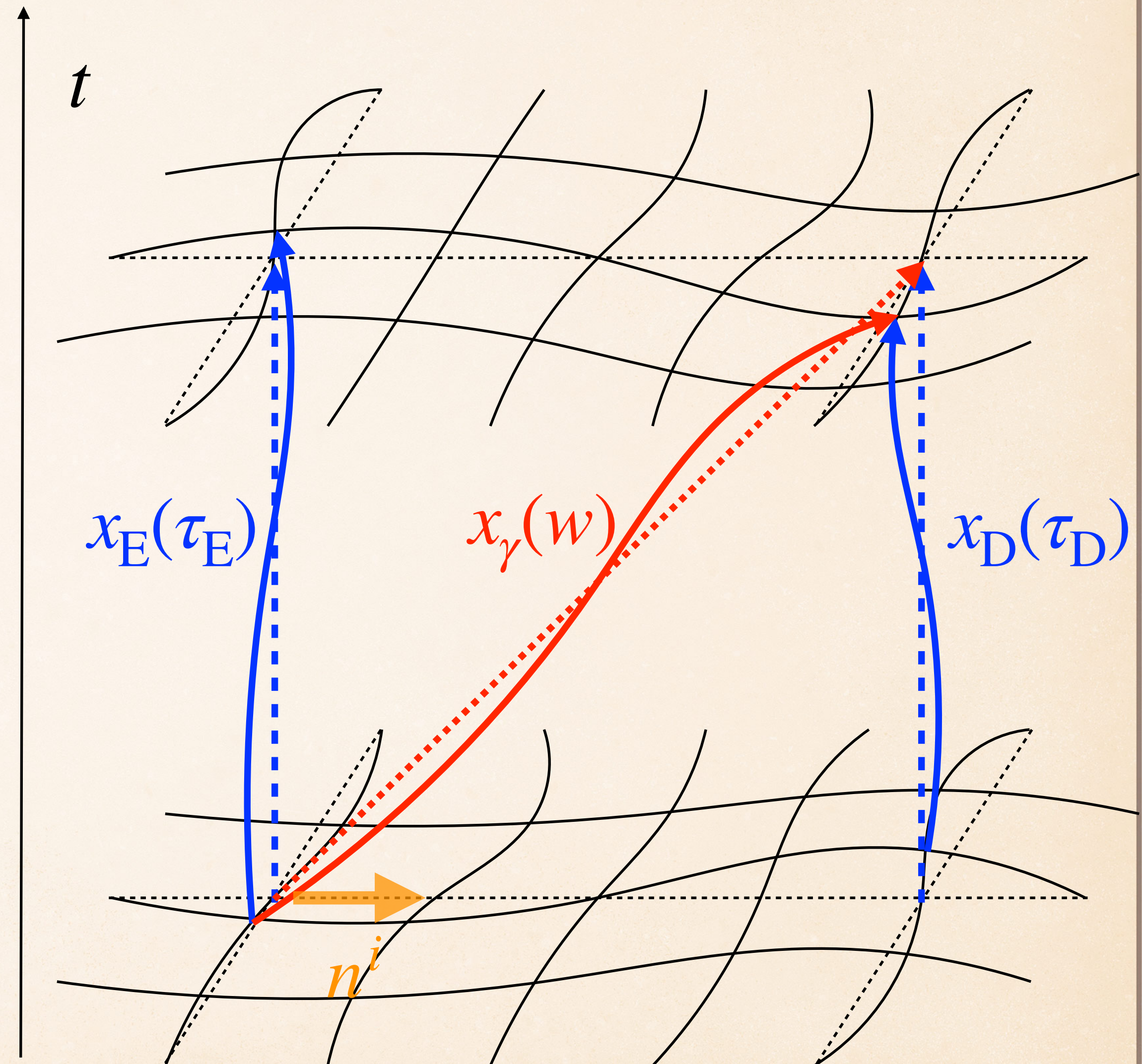
$$- \int_0^L d\lambda \underbrace{(\alpha^{(1)} - \mathcal{R}^{(1)} + \sigma^{(1)'}) + \sigma^{(1)}}_{\Phi^{(1)} + \Psi^{(1)}} \Big|_0^{w_f}$$

$$x_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu}(w) = x_{\gamma i}^{(0)\mu} + \lambda (1, n^i)$$



OBSERVERS MOTION

$$a(\tau_D) x_D^{(1)0}(\tau_D) = a_i x_{Di}^{(1)0} - \int_0^{\tau_D} d\tilde{\tau}_D \alpha^{(1)}(\tilde{\tau}_D)$$



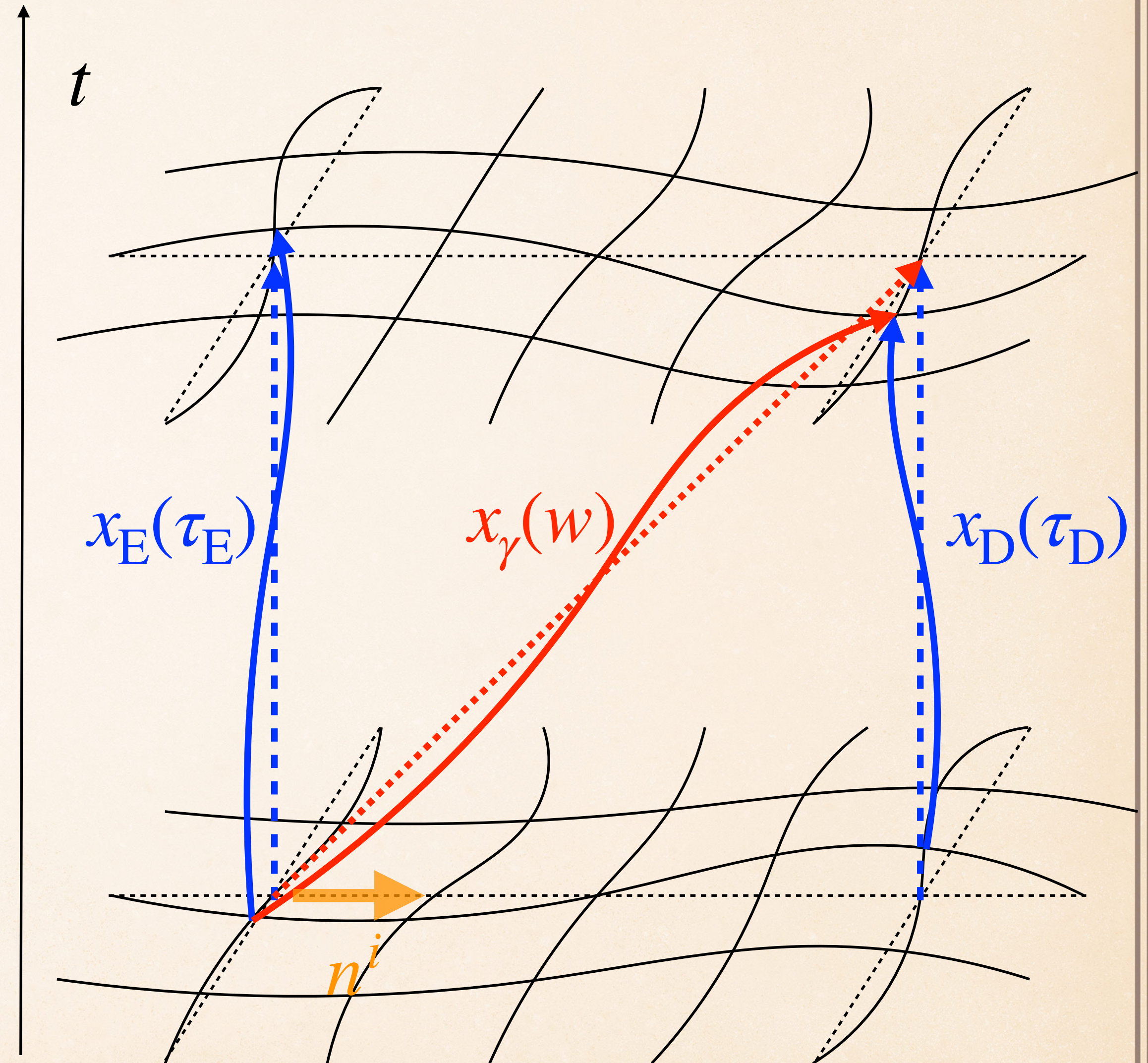
OBSERVERS MOTION

$$a(\tau_D) x_D^{(1)0}(\tau_D) = a_i x_{Di}^{(1)0} - \int_0^{\tau_D} d\tilde{\tau}_D \alpha^{(1)}(\tilde{\tau}_D)$$

$$x_D^{(1)i}(\tau_D) = x_{Di}^{(1)i} - E_{,i}^{(1)} \Big|_0^{\tau_D} + \int_0^{\tau_D} \frac{d\tilde{\tau}_D}{a^2(\tilde{\tau}_D)} \left(a_i V_{Di,i}^{(1)} + a(\tilde{\tau}_D) V_{ac,i}^{(1)}(\tilde{\tau}_D) \right)$$

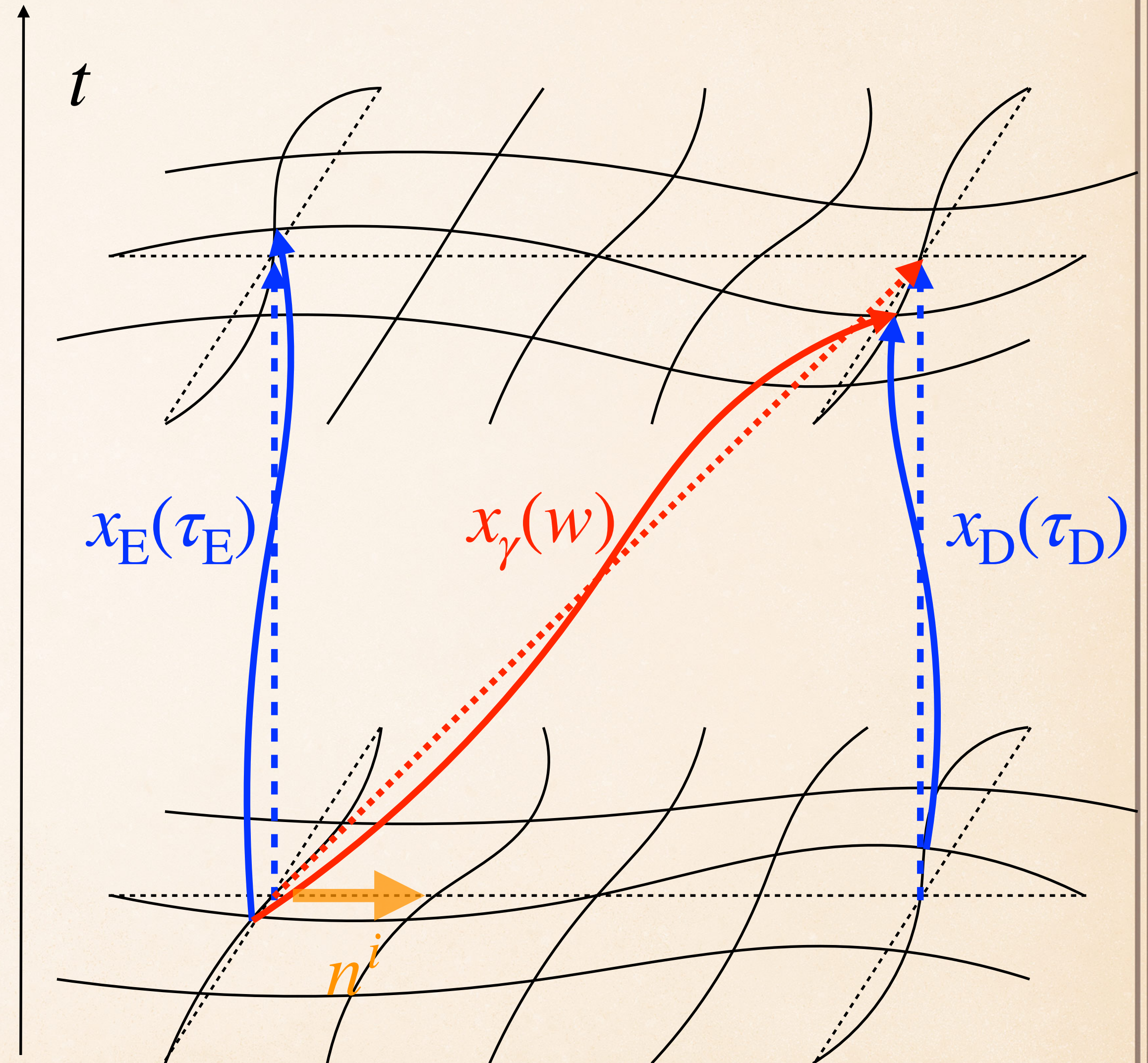
$$v_{D,i}^{(1)} \equiv p_D^{(1)i} / p_D^{(0)0} \quad V_{Di}^{(1)} = v_{Di}^{(1)} + E_{Di}^{(1)'}.$$

$$a(\tilde{\tau}_D) V_{ac,i}^{(1)} = - \int_0^{\tau_D} d\tilde{\tau}_D \Phi^{(1)}(\tilde{\tau}_D)$$



TIME DELAY

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tau_{\text{Df}}^{(1)} &= \frac{1}{p_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}} (x_{\text{D}}^{(1)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) - x_{\gamma}^{(1)}(w_{\text{f}})) \\
 &= a_{\text{f}} \left[\frac{1}{2} n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{(1)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + n^i \left(X_{\text{Df}}^{(1)i} - X_{\text{Ei}}^{(1)i} \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \int_0^L d\lambda (\Phi^{(1)} + \Psi^{(1)}) + X_{\text{Ei}}^{(1)0} - X_{\text{Df}}^{(1)0} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$



TIME DELAY

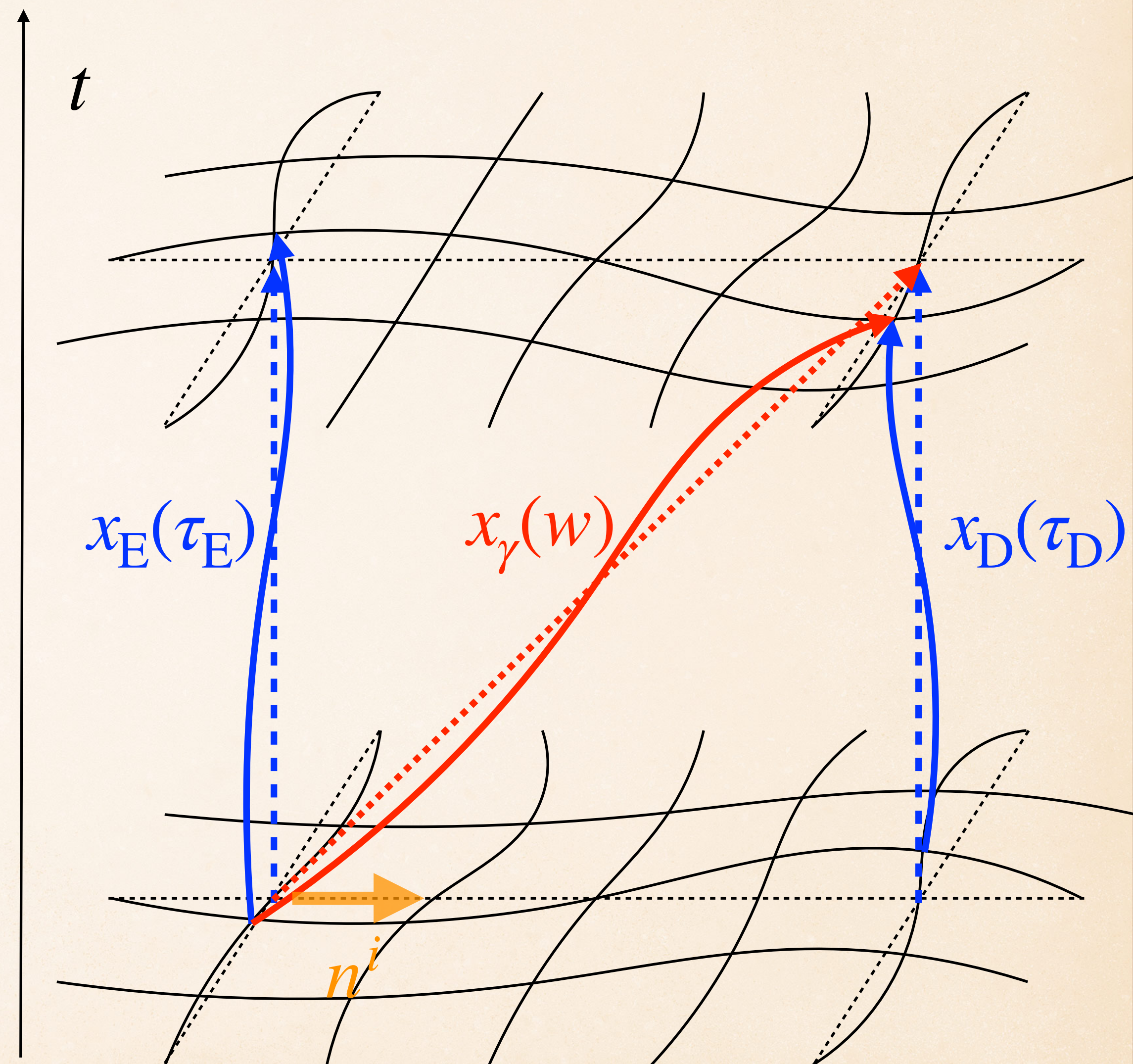
$$\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{p_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}} (x_{\text{D}}^{(1)}(\tau_{\text{Df}}^{(0)}) - x_{\gamma}^{(1)}(w_{\text{f}}))$$

$$= a_{\text{f}} \left[\frac{1}{2} n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{(1)} \right] \text{GW}$$

$$+ n^i \left(X_{\text{Df}}^{(1)i} - X_{\text{Ei}}^{(1)i} \right)$$

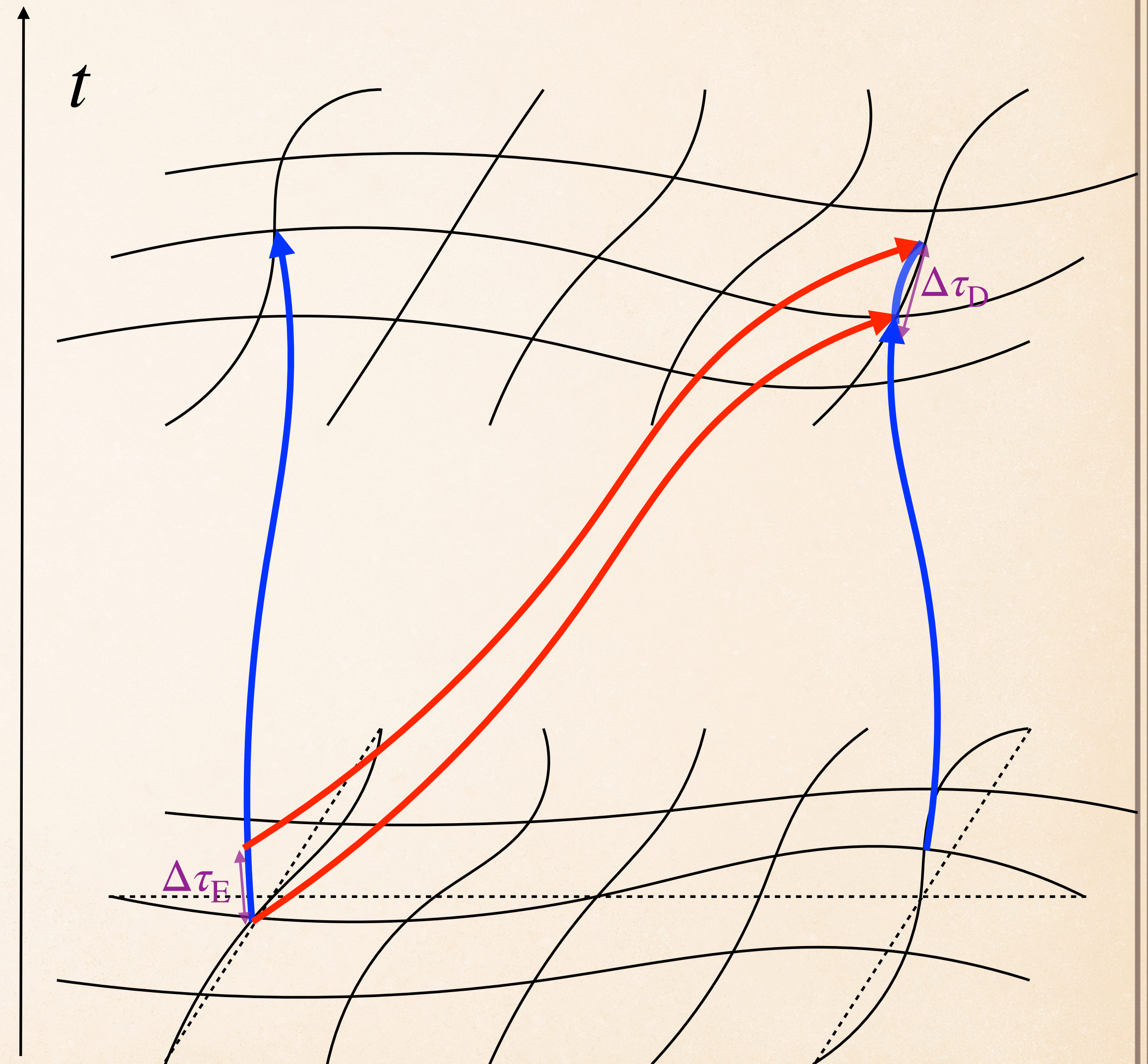
$$- \left[\int_0^L d\lambda (\Phi^{(1)} + \Psi^{(1)}) + X_{\text{Ei}}^{(1)0} - X_{\text{Df}}^{(1)0} \right]$$

Shapiro



GRAVITATIONAL REDSHIFT

Redshift $1 + z = \frac{\Delta\tau_D}{\Delta\tau_E}$

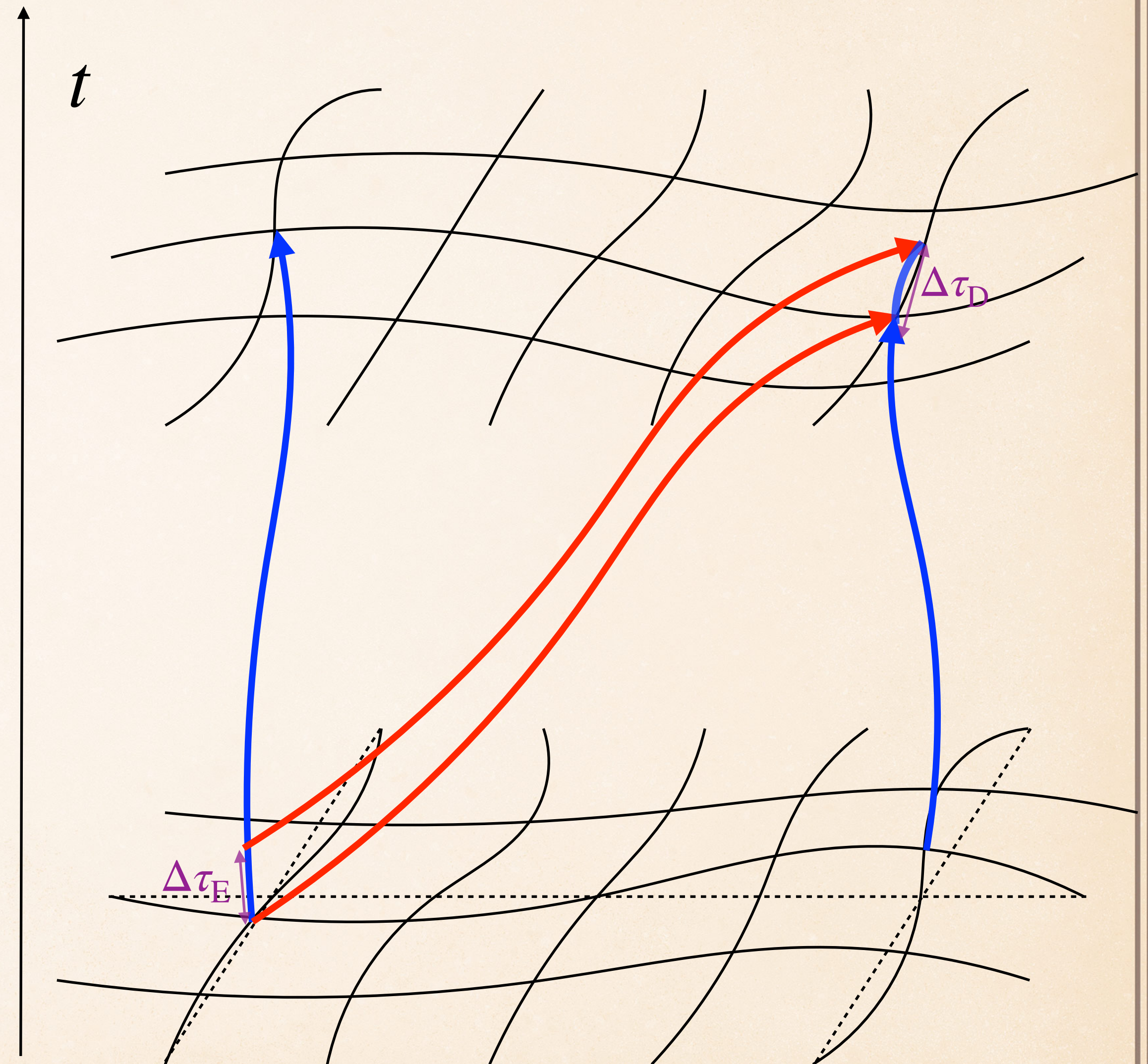


GRAVITATIONAL REDSHIFT

Redshift

$$1 + z = \frac{\Delta\tau_D}{\Delta\tau_E}$$

$$f\Delta\tau_E \ll 1$$

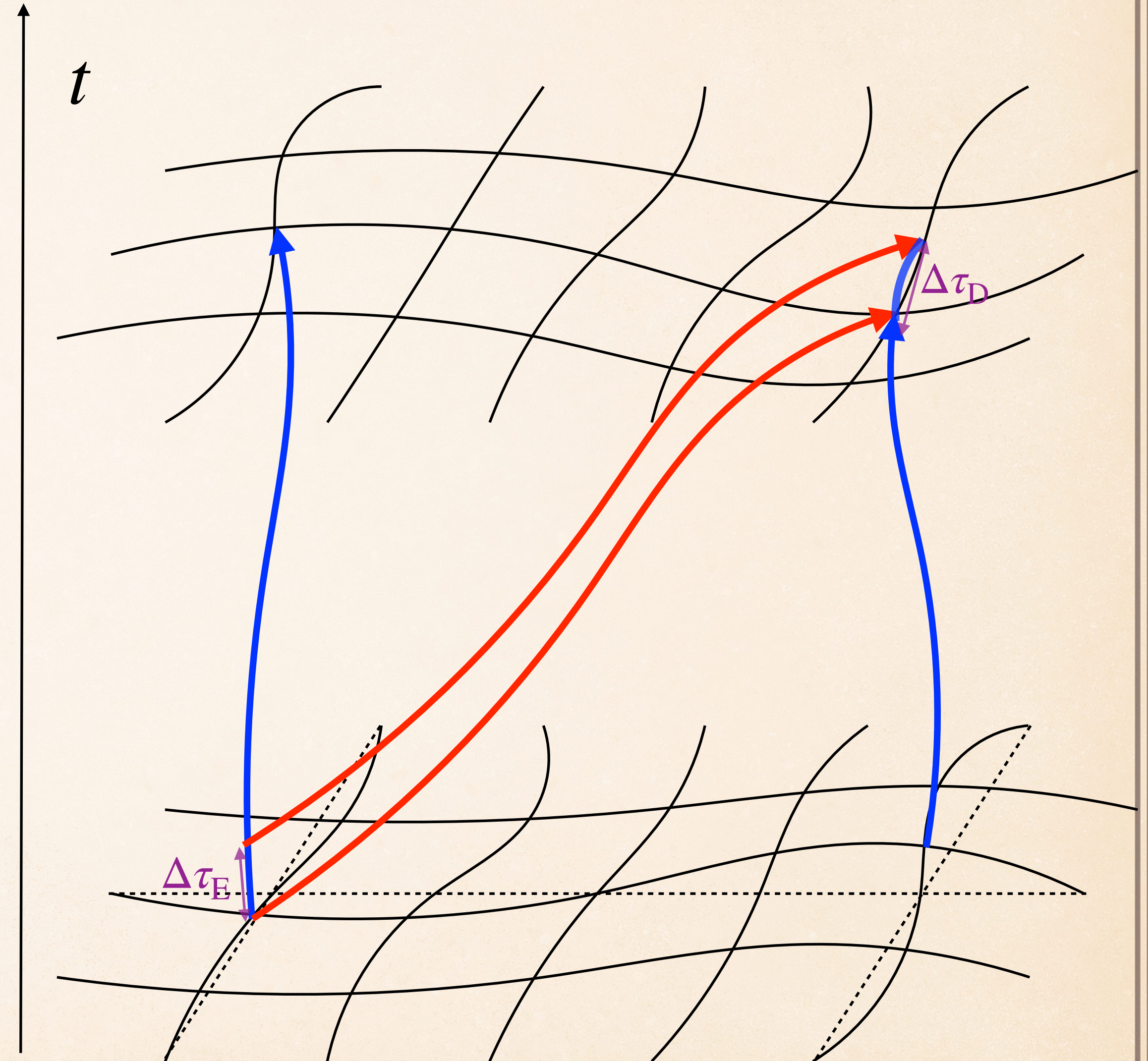


GRAVITATIONAL REDSHIFT

Redshift $1 + z = \frac{\Delta\tau_D}{\Delta\tau_E}$

$f\Delta\tau_E \ll 1$

$$z^{(1)} = \frac{a_f}{a_i} \left(n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda \left(h_{ij}^{(1)} \right) \right. \\ \left. + n^i \left(V_{D,i}^{(1)}(\tau_{Df}) - V_{E,i}^{(1)}(\tau_{Ei}) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \Phi_f^{(1)} - \Phi_i^{(1)} - \int_0^L d\lambda \left(\Phi^{(1)} + \Psi^{(1)} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{a'}{a} X_D^{(1)0} \right) (\tau_{Df}) - \left(\frac{a'}{a} X_E^{(1)0} \right) (\tau_{Ei}) \right).$$



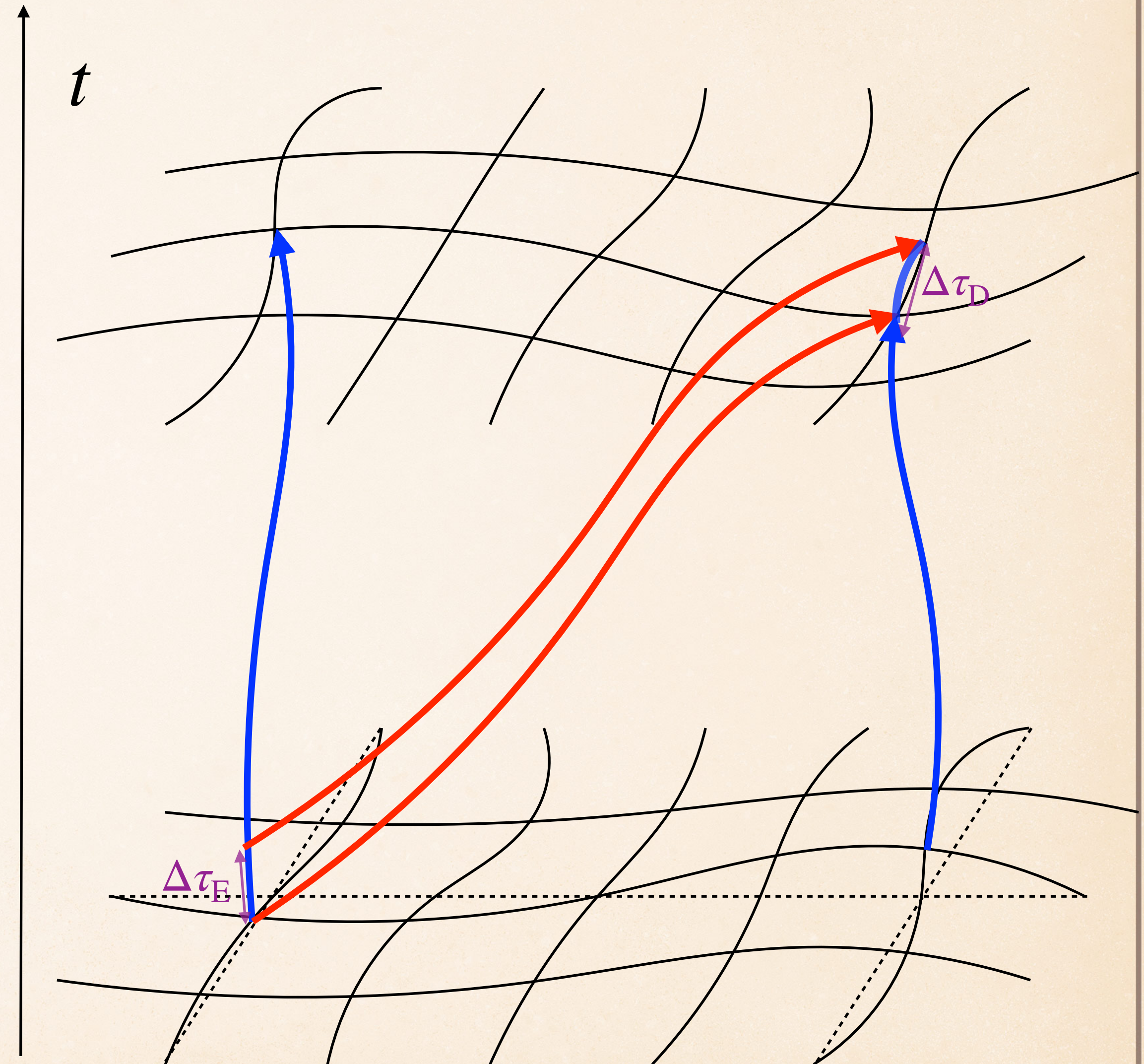
GRAVITATIONAL REDSHIFT

Redshift $1 + z = \frac{\Delta\tau_D}{\Delta\tau_E}$

$f\Delta\tau_E \ll 1$

$$z^{(1)} = \frac{a_f}{a_i} \left(n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda \left(h_{ij}^{(1)} \right) \right. \\ \left. + n^i \left(V_{D,i}^{(1)}(\tau_{Df}) - V_{E,i}^{(1)}(\tau_{Ei}) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \Phi_f^{(1)} - \Phi_i^{(1)} - \int_0^L d\lambda \left(\Phi^{(1)} + \Psi^{(1)} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{a'}{a} X_D^{(1)0} \right) (\tau_{Df}) - \left(\frac{a'}{a} X_E^{(1)0} \right) (\tau_{Ei}) \right).$$

$$1 + z_{\text{cos}} = \frac{a(x_f)}{a(x_i)}$$



HELLINGS-DOWNS CURVE

$$z_{\text{GW}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{a_{\text{f}}}{a_{\text{i}}} n^i n^j \int_0^L \text{d}\lambda \left(h_{ij}^{(1)} \right)',$$

HELLINGS-DOWNS CURVE

$$z_{\text{GW}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{a_{\text{f}}}{a_{\text{i}}} n^i n^j \int_0^L \text{d}\lambda \left(h_{ij}^{(1)} \right)',$$

$$h_{ij}^{(1)} = h(t - x^3) e_{ij}^{+/\times}$$

$$z_{\text{GW}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} n^i n^j e_{ij}^{+/\times} \left(h(t - L n^3) - h(t) \right).$$

HELLINGS-DOWNS CURVE

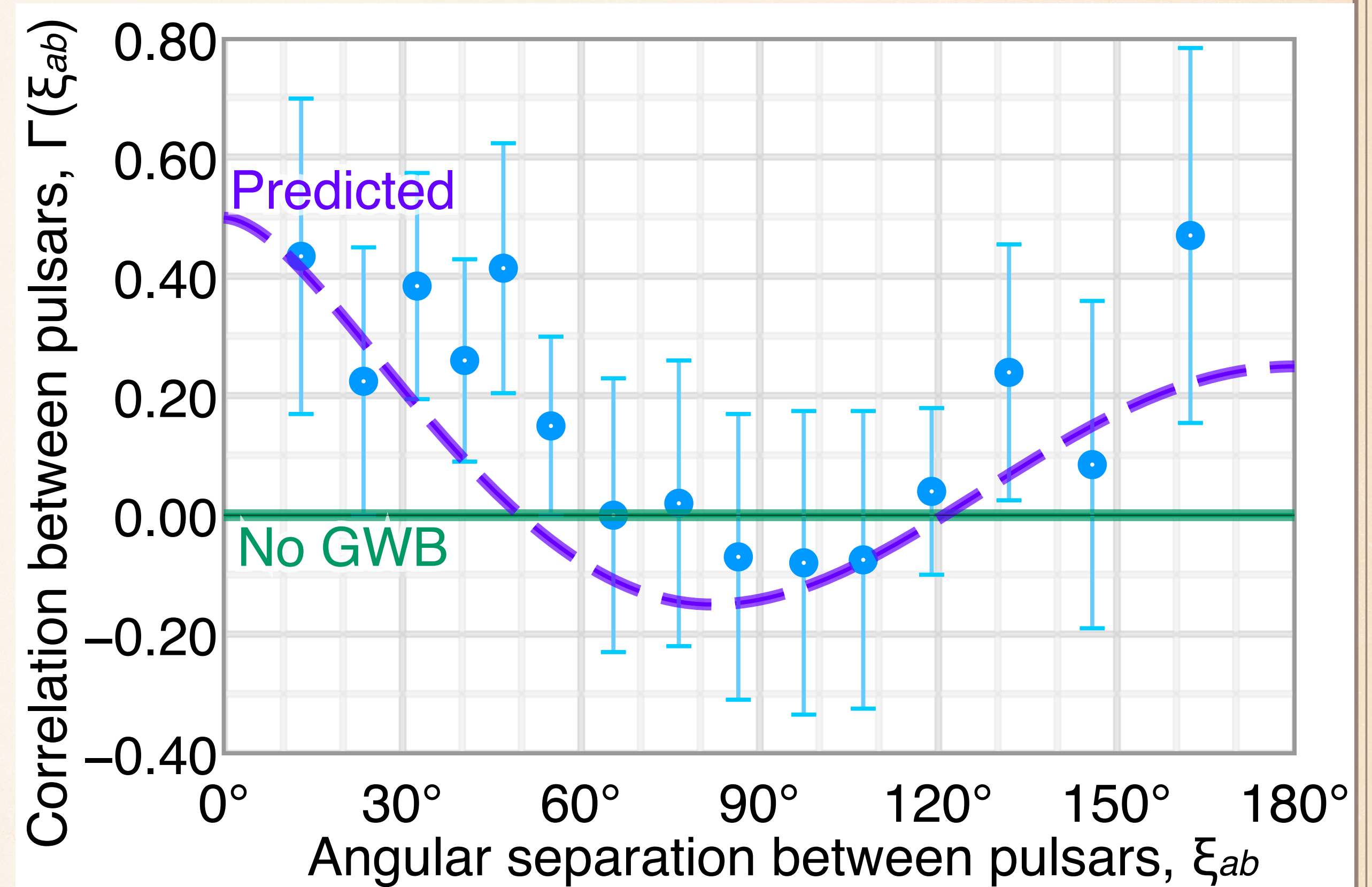
$$z_{\text{GW}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{a_f}{a_i} n^i n^j \int_0^L d\lambda \left(h_{ij}^{(1)} \right)',$$

$$h_{ij}^{(1)} = h(t - x^3) e_{ij}^{+/\times}$$

$$z_{\text{GW}}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} n^i n^j e_{ij}^{+/\times} \left(h(t - L n^3) - h(t) \right).$$

$$\langle z_a z_b \rangle = \Gamma_{ab} \langle h^2 \rangle$$

$$\Gamma_{ab} = \frac{1}{4} \int (n_a^i n_a^j e_{ij}^{+/\times}(\Omega)) (n_b^i n_b^j e_{ij}^{+/\times}(\Omega)) d\Omega$$



Credit: NANOGrav

SECOND-ORDER

GW EFFECT (II)

$$\tau_D = \tau_D^{(0)} + \tau_D^{(1)}$$

1-st

2-nd

$$x_D^{(0)} \quad x_D^{(0)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)}) + p_{Df}^{(0)}\tau_{Df}^{(1)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{dp_D^{(0)}}{d\tau_D} \bigg|_f \tau_{Df}^{(1)2}$$

$$x_D^{(1)} \quad x_D^{(1)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)}) + p_D^{(1)}\tau_{Df}^{(1)}$$

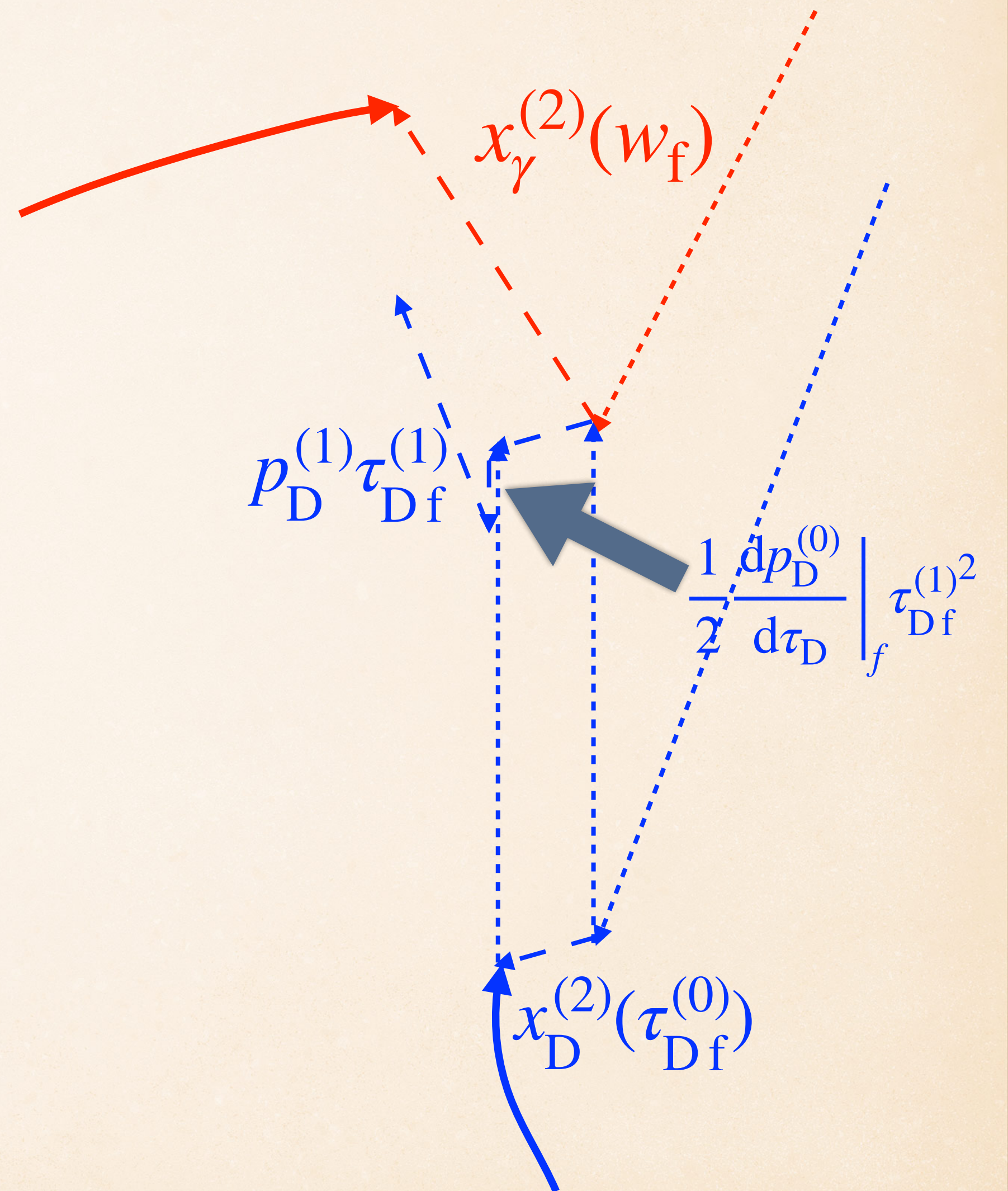
$$x_D^{(2)} \quad x_D^{(2)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)})$$

$\neq$

$$x_\gamma^{(0)}(w_f)$$

$$x_\gamma^{(1)}(w_f)$$

$$x_\gamma^{(2)}(w_f)$$



GW EFFECT (II)

$$\tau_D = \tau_D^{(0)} + \tau_D^{(1)}$$

1-st

2-nd

$$x_D^{(0)} \quad x_D^{(0)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)}) + p_{Df}^{(0)}\tau_{Df}^{(1)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{dp_D^{(0)}}{d\tau_D} \bigg|_f \tau_{Df}^{(1)2}$$

$$x_D^{(1)} \quad x_D^{(1)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)}) + p_D^{(1)}\tau_{Df}^{(1)}$$

$$x_D^{(2)} \quad x_D^{(2)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)})$$

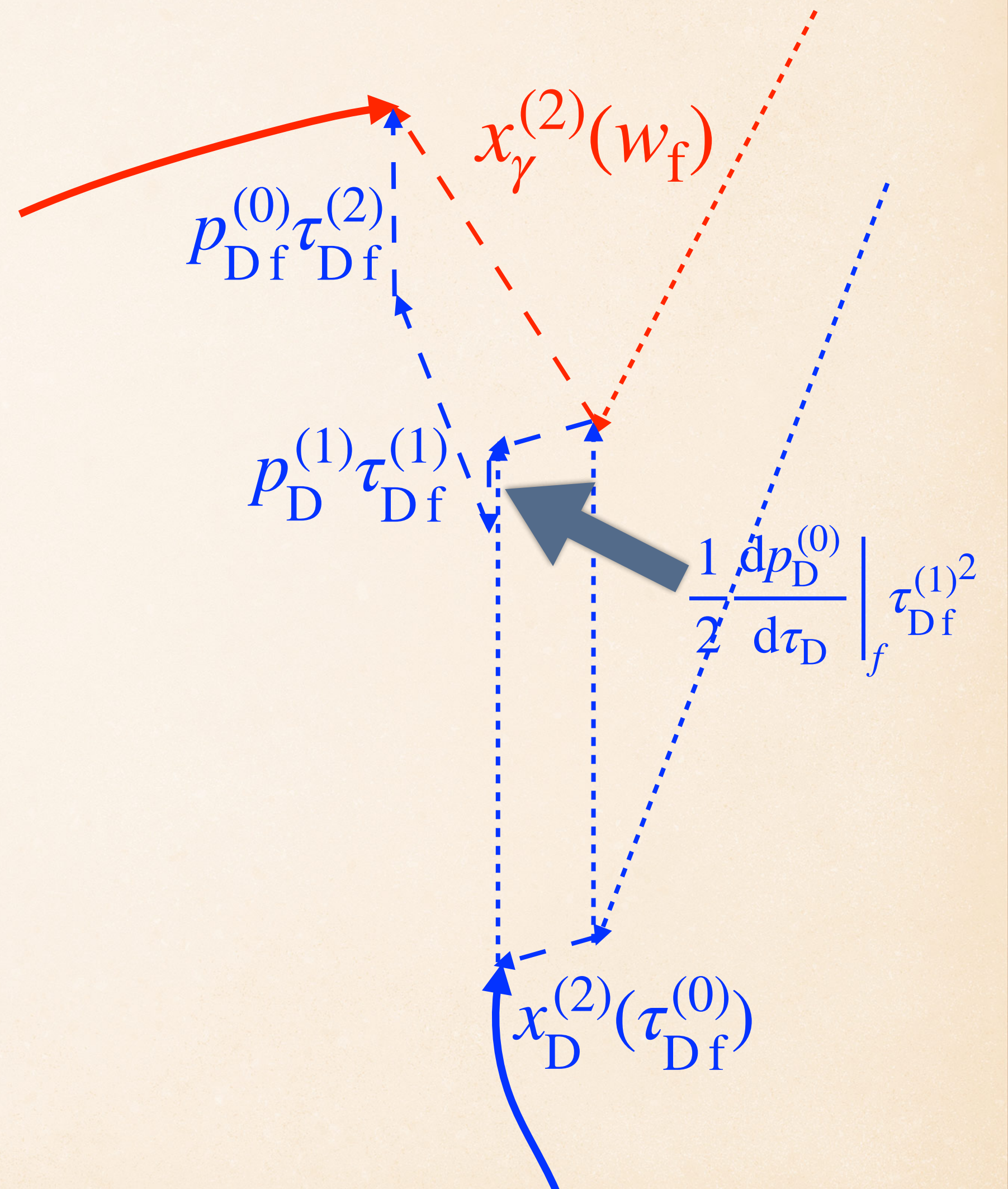
$\neq$

$$x_\gamma^{(0)}(w_f)$$

$$x_\gamma^{(1)}(w_f)$$

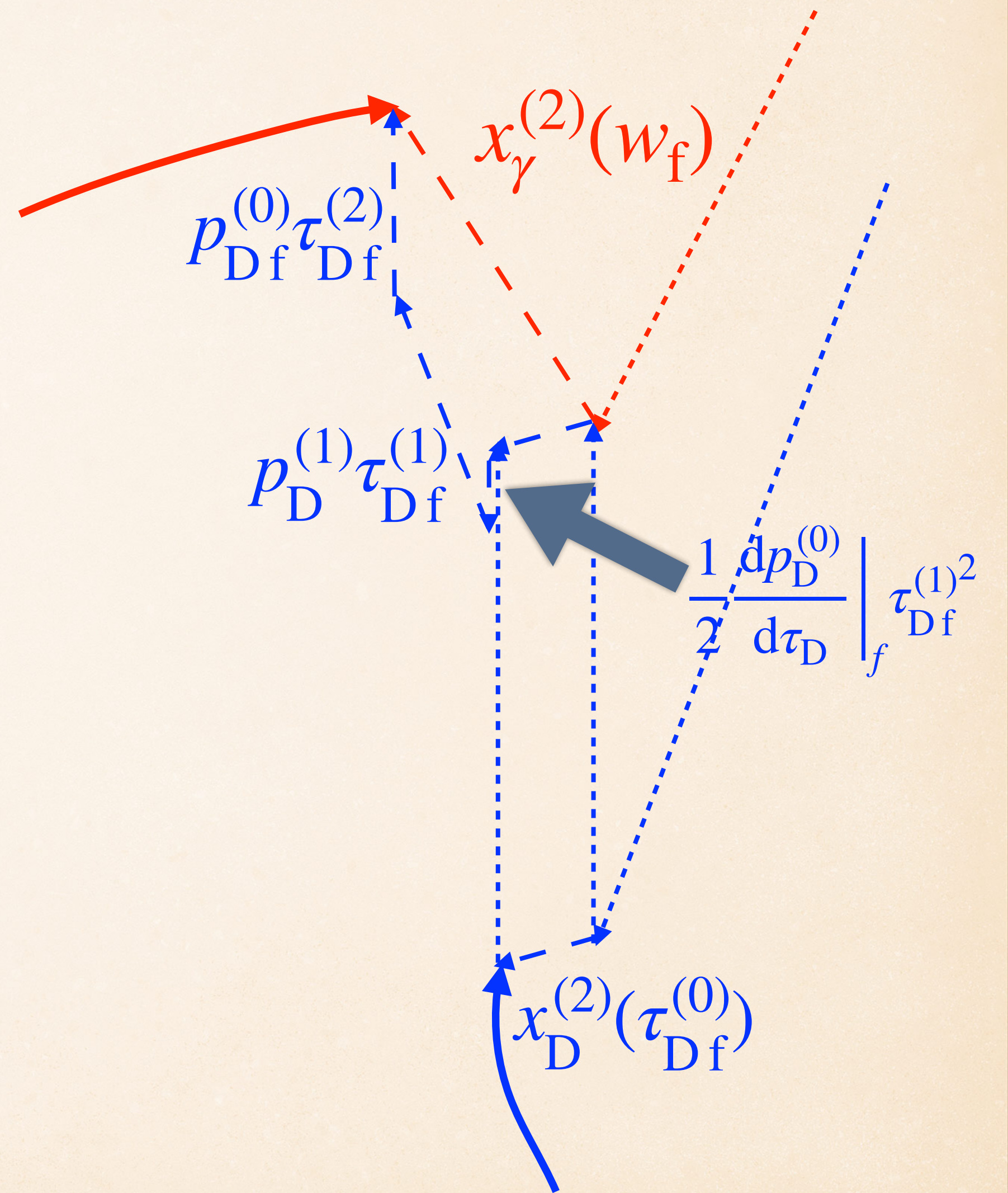
$$x_\gamma^{(2)}(w_f)$$

$$\tau_{Df}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{p_{Df}^{(0)}} \left(x_\gamma^{(2)}(w_f) - x_D^{(2)}(\tau_{Df}^{(0)}) - p_{Df}^{(0)}\tau_{Df}^{(1)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{dp_D^{(0)}}{d\tau_D} \bigg|_f \tau_{Df}^{(1)2} \right)$$



GW EFFECT (II)

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw \left(g_{//}^{(2)} + 2k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \right. \\ \left. + a^2 k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} \left(g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} / a^2 \right)_{,\sigma} x_{\gamma}^{(1)\sigma} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} + k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} k_{\gamma}^{(1)\nu} \right)$$

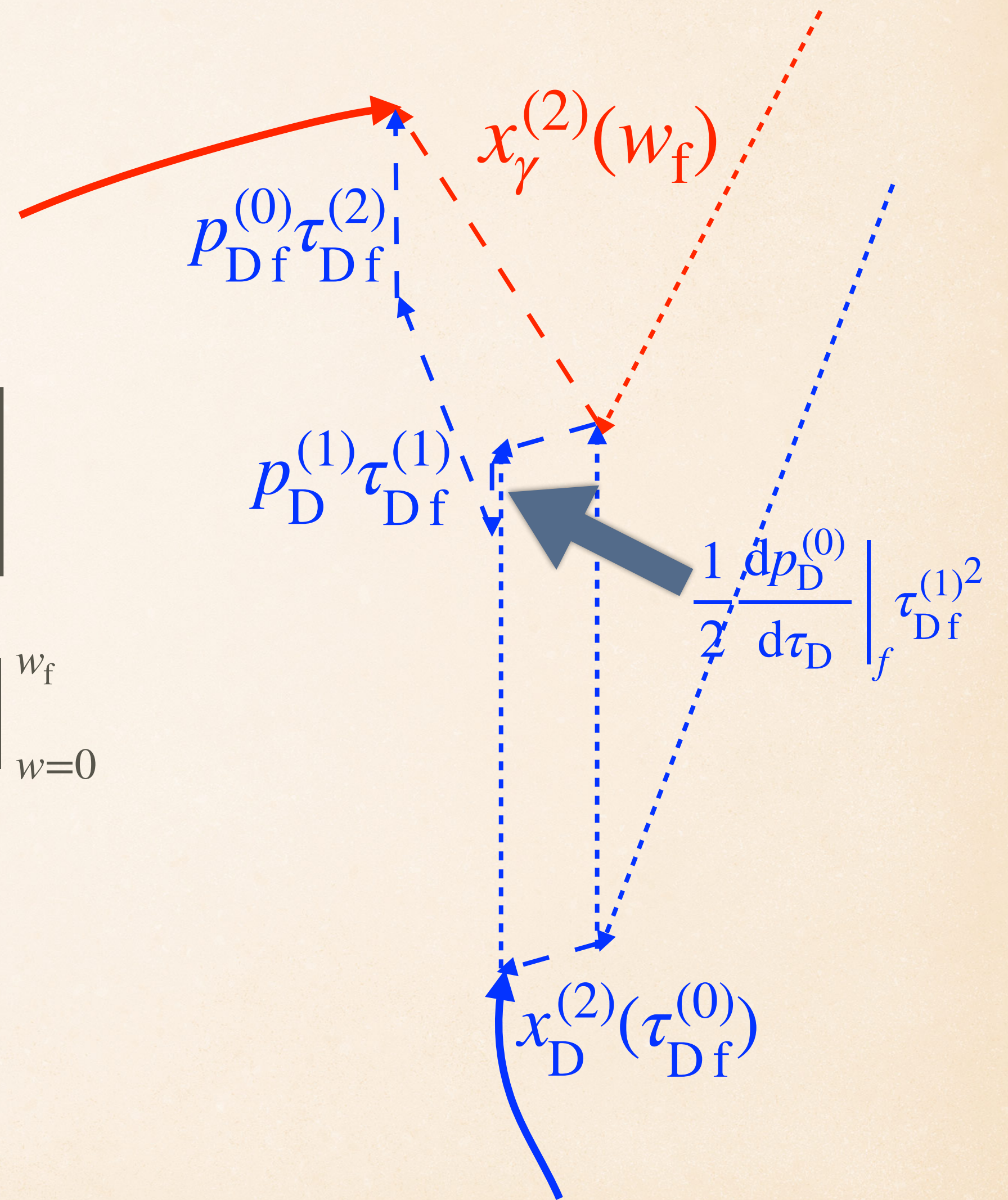


GW EFFECT (II)

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i}\right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw \left(g_{//}^{(2)} + 2k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \right. \\ \left. + a^2 k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} \left(g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} / a^2 \right)_{,\sigma} x_{\gamma}^{(1)\sigma} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} + k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} k_{\gamma}^{(1)\nu} \right)$$

$$\supset n^i n^j \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + E_{,i}^{(1)'} \left(x_{\text{rf}}^{(0)} \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} + \frac{a_{\text{f}}^4}{2w_{\text{f}}^2} L \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$

$$h_{ij}^{N(2)} \equiv h_{ij}^{(2)} + \Lambda_{ij}^{lk} \left(\sigma_l^{(1)} \sigma_k^{(1)} + E_{,lm}^{(1)} E_{,mk}^{(1)} \right) \quad \Delta X_\gamma^{(1)j} \equiv X_\gamma^{(1)j} \Big|_{w=0}^{w_f}$$

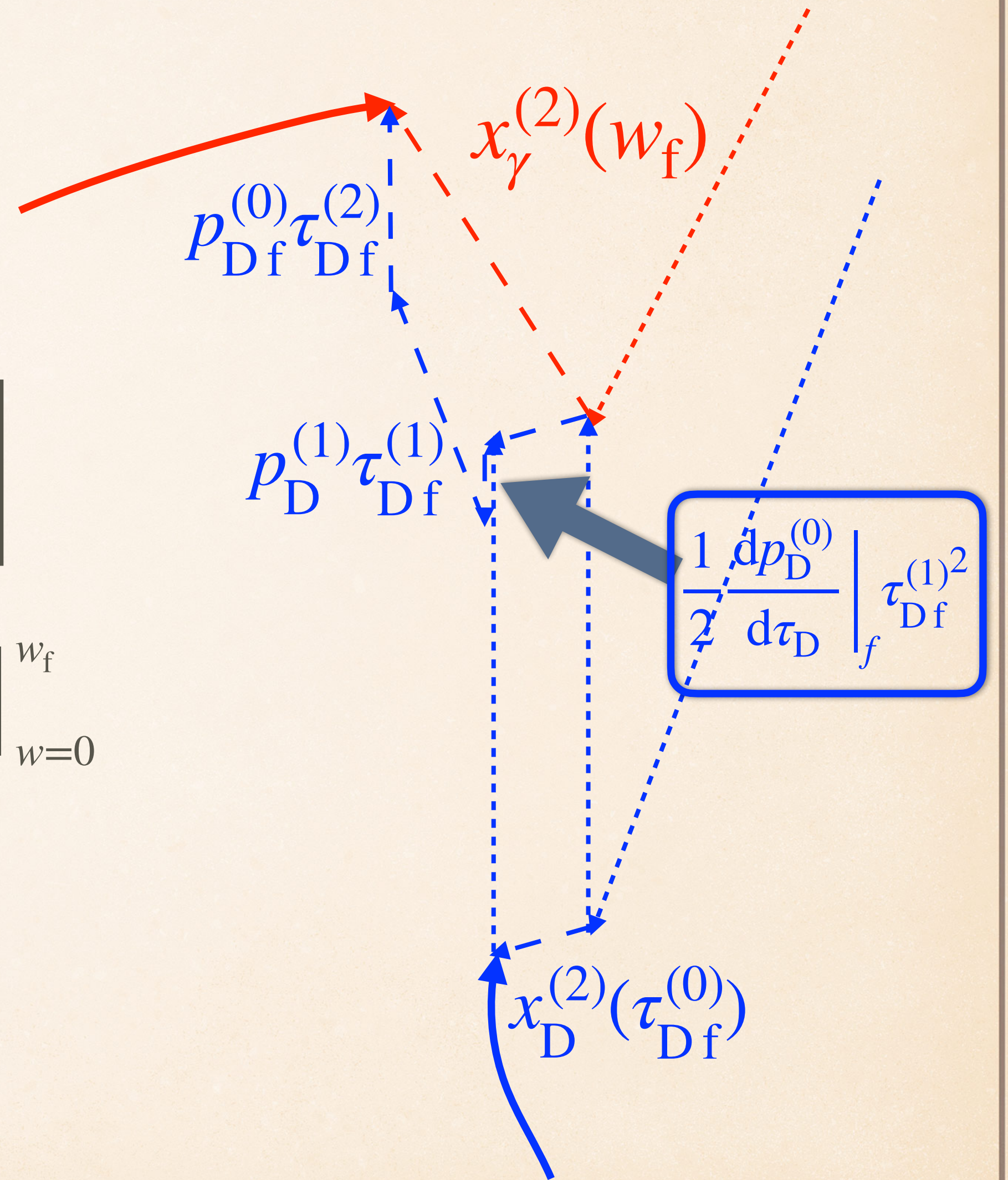


GW EFFECT (II)

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw \left(g_{//}^{(2)} + 2k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \right. \\ \left. + a^2 k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} \left(g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} / a^2 \right)_{,\sigma} x_{\gamma}^{(1)\sigma} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} + k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} k_{\gamma}^{(1)\nu} \right)$$

$$\supset n^i n^j \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + E_{,i}^{(1)'} \left(x_{\gamma f}^{(0)} \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} + \frac{a_f^4}{2w_f^2} L \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$

$$h_{ij}^{N(2)} \equiv h_{ij}^{(2)} + \Lambda_{ij}{}^{lk} \left(\sigma_l^{(1)} \sigma_k^{(1)} + E_{,lm}^{(1)} E_{,mk}^{(1)} \right) \quad \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \equiv X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \Big|_{w=0}^{w_f}$$



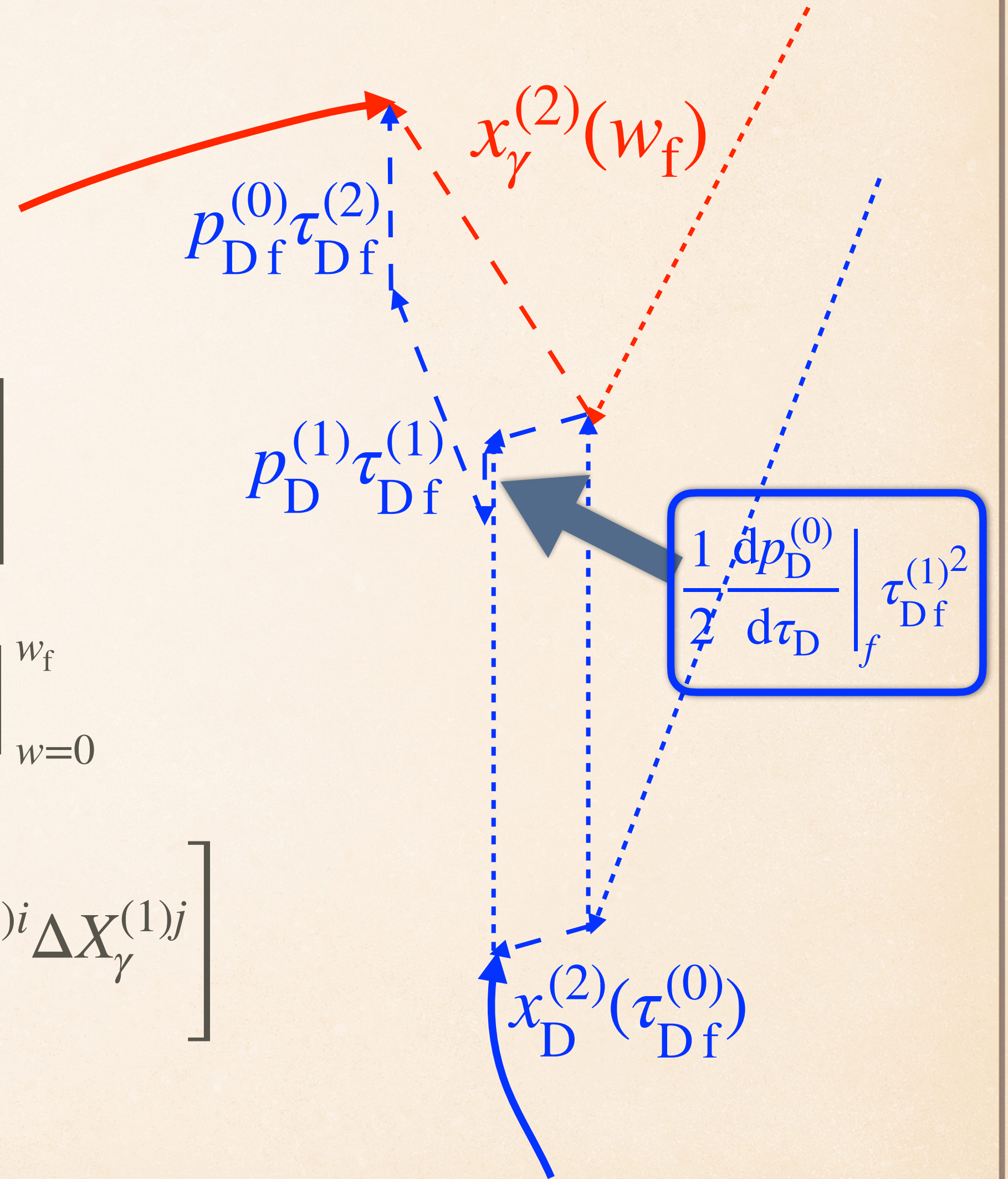
GW EFFECT (II)

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw \left(g_{//}^{(2)} + 2k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \right. \\ \left. + a^2 k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} \left(g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} / a^2 \right)_{,\sigma} x_{\gamma}^{(1)\sigma} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} + k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} k_{\gamma}^{(1)\nu} \right)$$

$$\supset n^i n^j \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + E_{,i}^{(1)'} \left(x_{\gamma f}^{(0)} \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} + \frac{a_f^4}{2w_f^2} L \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$

$$h_{ij}^{N(2)} \equiv h_{ij}^{(2)} + \Lambda_{ij}^{lk} \left(\sigma_l^{(1)} \sigma_k^{(1)} + E_{,lm}^{(1)} E_{,mk}^{(1)} \right) \quad \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \equiv X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \Big|_{w=0}^{w_f}$$

$$\tau_{Df}^{(2)} \supset a_f n^i n^j \left[\int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + V_{Df,i}^{(1)} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)} + \left(\frac{a_f'}{2a_f^2} - \frac{a_f^4}{2w_f^2} L \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$



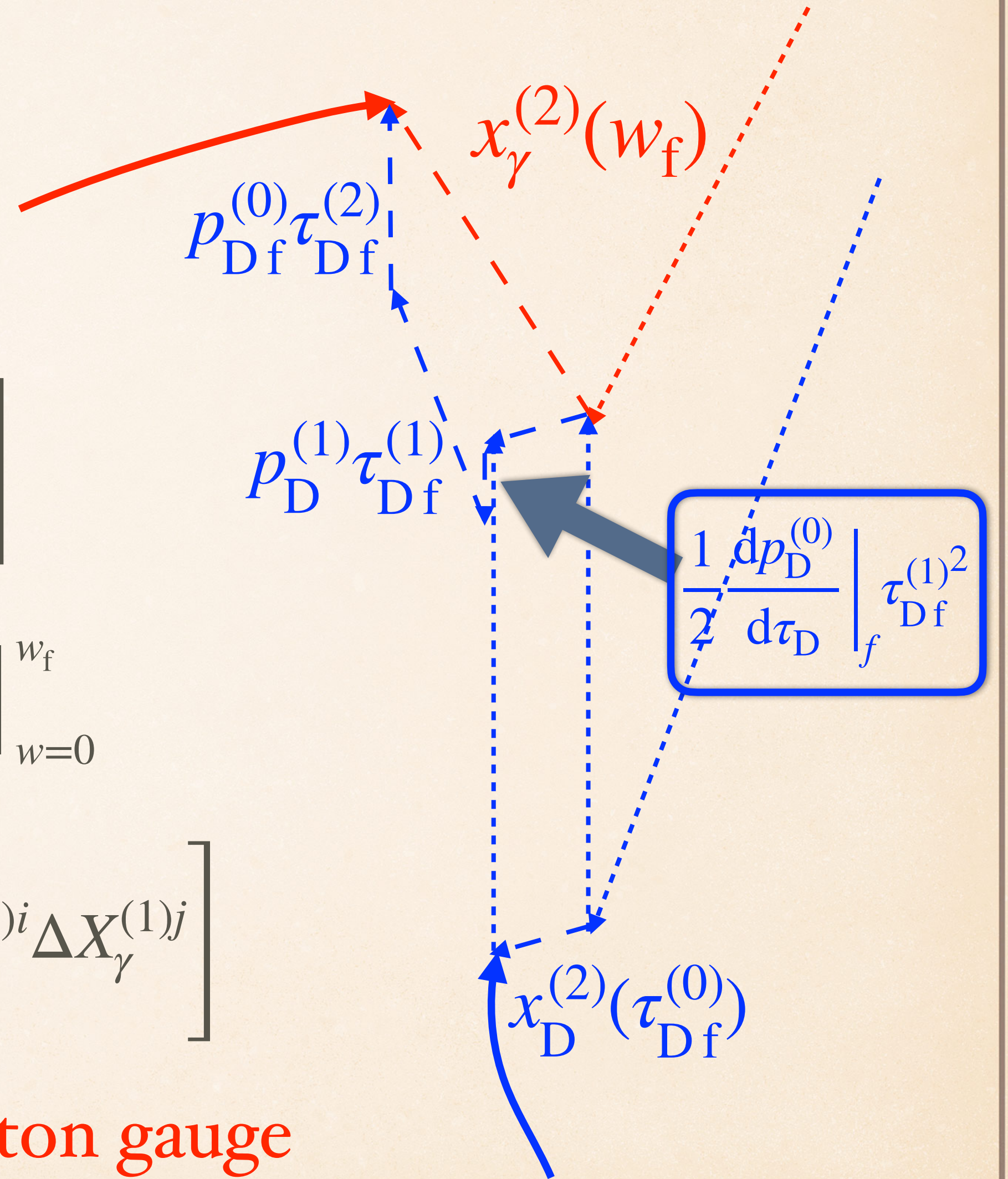
GW EFFECT (II)

$$\left(x_{\gamma}^{(1)0} - n^i x_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \right) \Big|_0^{w_f} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{w_f} dw \left(g_{//}^{(2)} + 2k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} \right. \\ \left. + a^2 k_{\gamma}^{(0)\mu} \left(g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} / a^2 \right)_{,\sigma} x_{\gamma}^{(1)\sigma} k_{\gamma}^{(0)\nu} + k_{\gamma}^{(1)\mu} g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} k_{\gamma}^{(1)\nu} \right)$$

$$\supset n^i n^j \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + E_{,i}^{(1)'} \left(x_{\gamma f}^{(0)} \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} + \frac{a_f^4}{2w_f^2} L \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$

$$h_{ij}^{N(2)} \equiv h_{ij}^{(2)} + \Lambda_{ij}{}^{lk} \left(\sigma_l^{(1)} \sigma_k^{(1)} + E_{,lm}^{(1)} E_{,mk}^{(1)} \right) \quad \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \equiv X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \Big|_{w=0}^{w_f}$$

$$\tau_{Df}^{(2)} \supset a_f n^i n^j \left[\int_0^L d\lambda h_{ij}^{N(2)} + V_{Df,i}^{(1)} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)} + \left(\frac{a_f'}{2a_f^2} - \frac{a_f^4}{2w_f^2} L \right) \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)i} \Delta X_{\gamma}^{(1)j} \right]$$



The TT components of the spatial metric in the Newton gauge

SUMMARY

- ❖ The physical effect of GWs is to perturb the spacetime separation between events.
- ❖ The GW effect is inherently **quadrupolar**, and the Hellings–Downs curve is a direct consequence of this quadrupole nature.
- ❖ Up to the second order, the GW effect is captured by the TT components in the **Newton gauge**.

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

IGW IN A GENERAL UNIVERSE

For a universe dominated by a perfect fluid with EoS w

$$\Phi(k) = \begin{cases} \text{Const.} & c_s k \gg \mathcal{H} \\ a^{-2} & c_s k \ll \mathcal{H} \end{cases} \quad k = aH \propto a^{-\frac{1+3w}{2}}$$

$$h_k = \begin{cases} \text{Const.} & k \ll \mathcal{H} \\ a^{-1} & k \gg \mathcal{H} \end{cases}$$